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ABSTRACT

A broad educational background is necessary to meet ever changing occupational fields, and Career Education is an approach incorporating career information within the regular school curriculum. For the elementary level, career awareness is the main thrust in this program to integrate students and community. The introduction contains the format for grade three, performance objectives and criterion test rationale, and major objectives. The teacher aids section provides suggestions for activities, and the quidance component includes six activities directed towards self-understanding and behavior. The career units cover eight occupational clusters: 10 introductory activities; 28 activities in natural resources (oceanographer, marine biologist, icth/ologist, commercial fisherman); 32 activities in transportation (astronaut, railway engineer, ship builder, ship captain); 25 activities in food service (cook, chef, food service worker, home economist, ice cream maker); 29 activities in farming (poultry farmer, entomologist, heavy equipment operator, irrigation specialist); 30 activities in health (dentist, hospital staff, veterinarian, zoo caretaker); 28 activities in business (retail foodstore worker, hotel/motel manager, salespeople, shoe repairman); 30 activities in recreation and handicrifts (baseball player, jeweler, pottery maker, ski area manager); and four activities for a brick manufacturer. Each occupations unit is introduced by major objectives, concepts, and suggested resources. (JB)

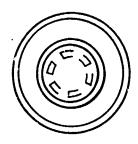














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CAREER AWARENESS

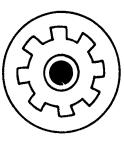








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CAREER AWARENESS

Grades 1 - 6

THE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BOISE CITY 1207 Fort Street Boise, Idaho 83702

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PREFACE

The Career Awareness curriculum in this book was developed through a "Part C" grant from the U. S. Office of Education from March, 1972 through June, 1973, and administered by the Idaho State Department of Vocational Education. The units were developed and written by Boise Independent School District personnel with the exception of the introductory unit at the beginning of each grade. These six units were assembled from Career Education: An Idea Book, K-6 Resource Guide Project Committee, Portland Public Schools, Oregon. The activities included in this book are some of the ideas relating to careers which are being used to some degree in many classrooms. It is the purpose of this program to gather many of these ideas and make them available to all teachers in an integrated format within most subject areas.

The project has been evaluated by a third party evaluation team, Educational System Planning of Eureka, California, as required by the project. The interim evaluation report in March, 1973 stated, "The major conclusion regarding this project is that it seems to be an overwhelming success and is providing a viable model for relevant education for students as well as meeting the Career Education Awareness objectives."



The project presented or reported herein was performed pursuant to a grant from the U. S. Office of Education, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. However, the opinions expressed herein do not necessarily reflect the position or policy of the U. S. Office of Education, and no official endorsement by the U. S. Office of Education should be inferred.

Grant #261022L

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- Phyllis Schmaljohn, former teacher at Owyhee Elementary School for writing a major part of the curriculum guide.
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Audrey Harvey, Grade 1

Barbara Diener, Grade 2

Opal McIntyre, Grade 3

Joyce Swensen, Grade 4

Gordon Pierce, Grade 5

Grant Simonds, Grade 6

- Helen Washburn, Elementary Counselor at Garfield Elementary School for testing, suggesting changes, studying materials for the guidance component of the project.
- Administrative Staff of the Boise Independent School District for constant cooperation and interest in the program.
- 30 Workshop teachers, counselors and administrators for the curriculum writing and direction provided.
- Janet Latham, Idaho State Department of Vocational Education for advisement and suggestions pertaining to the project.
- Harry Weisenberger, North Dakota State Department of Vocational Education for conducting one week of the summer workshop and helping set direction.
- Dr. George Leonard, Wayne State University for conducting one week of the summer workshop and helping set direction.
- Irene Windisch, project secretary for suggestions, corrections and coping with hundreds of revisions.

George Washburn Career Awareness Project Director



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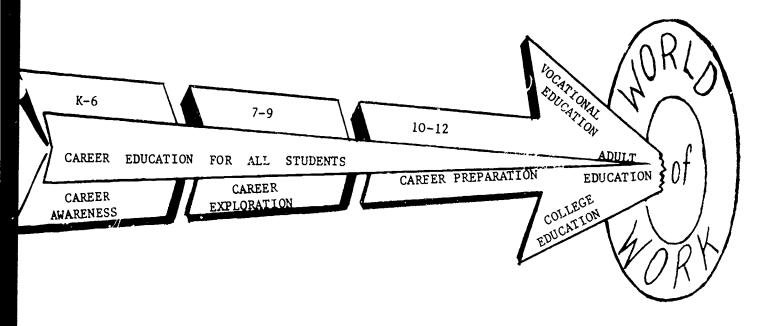
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ELEMENTARY

<u>CAREER</u> <u>AWARENESS</u>: An on-going program integrated into the regular school curriculum utilizing all disciplines. The major emphasis is to take students into the community and to bring the community into the classroom. Self development and understanding is stressed. Activity and student involvement is the theme.

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

CAREER EXPLORATION: Implementation of an inderdisciplinary "hands-on" Career Exploration and Orientation program. Utilization of a Career Guidance Center, community exploration and major subject area involvement.

SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

<u>CAREER PREPARATION</u>: Skills training, an on-going program with classes in the following cluster areas:

Food Service
Marketing
Health Occupations
Mechanical and Repair
Service

A Career Guidance Center involving students, faculty and community in the career decision making process.



INTRODUCTION

Why Career Education?

Young people of today are leaving school and facing an ever increasingly complex industrial world. In many instances, though they have taken the prescribed curriculum, they are not adequately prepared to meet the demands of this complex industrial world. Students for the most part are unaware of the many career opportunities that are available to them. They are unaware of those areas that best fit their particular talents and personality. They are unaware of what is necessary to be successful in an occupational role. Students are also unaware of how choosing a career can affect many facets of a person's life such as his leisure time activities, where he lives, his friends, etc. A broad educational background is necessary to meet the ever changing occupational fields; however, students often fail to see the relationships between the courses they are taking in school at the time they are taking them and the real world. Career Education can be a practical means of meeting the needs of these young people.

One of the major goals of education is to provide each student the opportunity to acquire the skills and attitudes necessary for him to make a livelihood regardless at which level of the educational system he leaves. The public school has a unique role to play in the development of these skills and to assist in the process of career decision-making for each individual.

Career Education is an integrated planned approach of incorporating career information within the regular school subjects. It will relate the school subject to the world of work in such a way the student can best see an additional need and purpose for the subject. It should help provide further incentive for that student to get the most out of every discipline in his school day. In addition, it can help focus on the need for further study in related subject areas which will prove helpful for eventual career choices, interests, and life styles.

Career education is not a program for high school seniors in their last semester before they face the world of work. Choosing a career begins with knowing what is available, studying the possibilities, and experiencing the work situation first hand.

1. CAPES State Department of Education, Olympia, Washington



Pre-school children's play revolves around work roles, they are curious and open-minded to all possibilities. Elementary school is the period to make children aware that there are more possibilities than the fireman, policeman and postman. It is the beginning step in the developmental process of career choice. Junior high school students can explore areas of work in some detail that most interest them. They should be able to look at a job first hand, try it out, decide if it is what they assumed it would be. Through looking into these areas through regular school subjects, students will be able to make more realistic choices of high school subject areas, - those that will be most beneficial to their future aspirations.

Career education, then, focuses upon the importance of introducing adequate work-related experiences for children from the time they enter school. The intent is not to force a student into an early decision, but to give him a wide base of experience so that when he does make a decision, it will be a realistic one supported by a background of many experiences.

The program involves individual and group counseling opportunities throughout the students' schooling. Since most people who lose their jobs do so through interpersonal relationship problems, the counseling component will stress self awareness and understanding, cooperation and many other aspects necessary for social and occupational fulfillment. Specific occupational guidance is only one portion of the program objective. The larger goal is the student's understanding of those attributes necessary for a successful life.

The aim of career education is not to add to an already crowded curriculum, but to provide a way in which skills that are already taught can be associated with the world of work.



CAREER AWARENESS FORMAT -- Grades 3 - 6

The purpose of career awareness is to develop an appreciation for the entire world of work throughout the United States. To insure a broad coverage of all aspects of tork, the clusters developed by the United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare are employed. These are:

Business and Office
Consumer and Home-making Related
Communications and Media
Fine Arts and Humanities
Hospitality and Recreation
Environmental Control
Personal Service
Manufacturing
Transportation
Health
Public Service
Agri-Business and Natural Resources
Marina Science
Construction
Marketing and Distribution

Within these clusters a range of specific jobs is covered which are representative of similar jobs in other occupational areas and can also lead to discussion of other jobs in that specific industry. The intent is to show the relationships of these occupations with the specific job being studied.

Each of these grade levels contains twenty-six or more occupational units. They are assigned to a particular grade level because it was felt they correlated best at that level considering all the subject areas. This is by no means to preclude a teacher from studying an occupation in another grade if she desires; however, the materials and trips in connection with career awareness must remain in the assigned grade level.

Because of the necessity of scheduling materials, the occupations have been grouped generally in units of four. A few, as an example groups 1 and 7 in grade five, have three units because some areas within these are particularly involved and lengthy. You should have a schedule of units for the year specifically for your building. The materials will be in constant use throughout your area of the district which means we must adhere to the schedule if all are going to become involved in the program.



You will receive materials for a group of units for approximately a five week period. At the end of that time these materials will be picked up and taken to another school by the technician. At that time you will receive another set. It is up to the teachers within the buildings to schedule these groups of units among themselves. Grades 3, 4, and 5 have an extra unit which might be used if you will contact the technician. The technician is also available for classroom help and direction.

Each unit in this curriculum has from it activities. The activities are flexible and can be worked on a one-a-day basis or however the teacher wishes to introduce them. You, as a teacher, are to choose from among the activities those that best fit your teaching style and present curriculum. It is not anticipated that you will use all activities as time will probably not allow this, but it is hoped you will consider many of them. It is emphasized that one of the main purposes of the program is to show a relationship between school subjects and careers; therefore, the activities are designed to be taught within subject areas. Creating a "career subject" is discouraged.

Some films and filmstrips are to be ordered from Boise Schools IMC. These are the ones listed on the materials page with an IMC number. The teacher will do the ordering of these since we won't know the exact day you will need them. There are also films listed from Boise State College. Remember the B.S.C. films are rental. Perhaps a rented film could be used by all of one grade level for the three days you have it.

There are some field trips scheduled in your curriculum guide. The career awareness technician will schedule and make arrangements for these trips for you. Since there will be many field trips in grades 1 - 6 into the business community, we would like to schedule at their convenience so we don't overload one business. It might become necessary and desirable to have only a portion of your class take a field trip and report back to the others. An example would be if one-third of all fourth grade classes go to a pottery shop. This would mean one trip to that business rather than three. There instances would only be necessary in cases where there might be only one such business in the area. We are certainly open to suggestions of field trips not on our schedule. Also it the trip scheduled proves to be an impossible time, contact the CA office a few days in advance so other arrangements can be made.

We would encourage many resource speakers coming to the classroom to describe their work, especially parents. At the beginning or the year you will be asked to send a prepared letter home to ask for speaker volunteers. These parents will be used within your building though not necessarily in your class. The more community involvement, the more support for the entire educational program. The technician will schedule these speakers for you, or if you desire to do the



scheduling, feel free to do so.

The career awareness curriculum is in a constant state of revision. If you have tried a successful activity that is not in this guide, let office in on it. I: turn, we will inform others. We are also not for materials which enhance the educational program.

The success of the career awareness program depends on the involvement in your classroom. The purpose of our services is to help you tecome involved with a minimum of extra work. If we are not adequately providing this service, bring it to our attention.

The following is a statement from Joyce Swensen, fourth grade teacher in the pilot program at Garfield Elementary School. It reflects the statements submitted by all the pilot teachers.

"From the standpoint of the teacher, I would be very happy to incorporate Career Awareness into the existing curriculum. I have been pleased with the way it enhances the subject matter we ordinarily study in the fourth grade. The field trips, resource persons, and interesting projects we have carried on, have greatly added to the appeal and knowledge of the subject matter. Classroom management has been better because of interest. Discussion of behavioral expectations and evaluations have also helped.

"I am not saying extra effort is not required on the part of the teacher. It is. However the CA program has helped me to become more organized and able to meet deadlines. Flexibility is required, but I think it is good. With the CA office making arrangements for materials, resource persons and field trips, the job has been much, much easier.

"The community has become increasingly aware and involved wich what is happening in the classroom. My experience has been that this program has made many friends for the school district.

"Adapting existing curriculum around careers has not decreased knowledge in the core subjects, but has added meaning to the need for it. With sharpened interest, learning is speeded up.

"Students are very much in favor of continuing in career awareness programs - as are parents. Absenteeism has been greatly reduced
this year. I feel interest has much to do with it.

"Scholarship does not seem to change to a great degree. Good students will probably do well under most any type of classroom organization. Poor and average students, I feel, have done better. Vocabulary has increased greatly.



"Knowledge and awareness of jobs and careers has greatly increased. Students are aware of the world of work and the respectability and desirability of working and doing a good job in any field. I feel this has been our goal and it has been reached."



PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS RATIONALE

The rationale for this particular evaluation system is that criterion tests should not only determine performance, but also contribute to the students ability to perform. That is, whenever possible, criterion tests should be learning activities. It will be apparent that if a child merely participates in many of the suggested activities (criterion tests) that he has met the stated objective. They are written in such a manner that participation would be impossible without using the knowledge and abilities called for in the objective.

inorder to better evaluate what conceptual knowledge the learner has acquired. To often we not only measure his conceptual understanding of the material, but inadvertantly, by the type of testive give, measure his reading, writing, and verbal skills. By providing several types of tests (activities) the teacher is free to choose which one will best salow a particular child to communicate his degree of conceptual understanding. If increased profficiency in reading, writing, and verbal skills are not one of the project objectives, then they should not figure into the evaluation. This system provides a child with a better chance of successfully demonstrating the conceptual understanding called for in the objective regardless of his reading, writing, or verbal skill.

These criterion tests, as written, reduce the likelihood of a child "feeling good" about what he is learning, and then failing because of low skill in another area such as reading and writing. He can now demonstrate in a variety of acceptable ways, that indeed he does understand!

If a teacher is in doubt about whether or not a particular student "has" met an objective during a group evaluation activity, the teacher can evaluate by exception. This could take the form of individual conferences or some written activity. This allows the teacher to save time in evaluation since only the exceptions are "spot-tested", the rest of the students are assumed to have



Q

"learned" if they complete the criterion test.

The hardest part of this criterion evaluation system is for the practitioner to over-come the mental set that evaluation must be of the Normative (standardized) type. In criterion evaluation the practitioner decides what is an acceptable indication of a student having "learned" and does not need worry about "item analysis, validity, reliability etc.," in the normative-evaluation sense. The normative-evaluation is being done by the use of pre-tests and post-tests. The type of criterion-evaluation used here is legimate and is being used more and more in education.

Criterion Tests

The objectives that are being tested state what the student is expected to be able to do when he has achieved the objective. The tests are designed to measure only what is stated in the objective. In this way, the student and teacher both know what is expected and what will be tested.

Criterion tests evaluate what a student does or does not do. Students are not evaluated against national norms or the achievement of other students.

The objective is stated at a level of specificity so that the completion of an objective is determined by either <u>yes</u> or <u>no</u>. In a criterion test, it is not possible to achieve an objective at 70, 80, or 90 percent. Therefore, tes results state what a student can demonstrate, not the percentage of demonstration or how he performs compared to other students.

The percentage is a determination of program success and is not a concern of the teacher on a day-to-day evaluation basis, which is either 100% achievement by an individual or "not yet achieved".



CAREER AWARENESS -- OBJECTIVES

GRADES III. -- VI.

- 1. To develop a positive attitude of self worth.
- 2. To develop positive attitudes toward the world of work.
- To develop the attitude that all work is meaningful and contributes to society.
- 4. To develop the appreciation of the dignity and worth of honest work.
- 5. To develop the idea that cooperation, responsibility and dependability are necessary in school, on a job, and in everyday life.
- 6. To develop the idea that people work for numerous rewards and satisfactions.
- 7. To develop the idea that school is an important part of preparation for a carefir.
- 8. To develop the idea that most careers will require special training.
- To develop an understanding that some workers produce goods, others perform services.
- To develop technical literacy of terms used in the exploration of careers.
- 11. To understand that while all jobs are important, they also all have a different character.
- 12. To help develop an understanding of our free enterprise system of economics.
- 13. To understand that most people work toward careers in which they have special interests and special talents.
- 14. To understand that all workers are dependent on one another.
- 15. To develop the ability to understand that occupations are interrelated in a wide variety of ways.
- 16. To develop the understanding that there is constant change in job fields and that this change is healthy.



- 17. To develop the understanding that continual education will be necessary for any career.
- 18. To develop an understanding of the role all curriculum disciplines play in careers.
- 19. To develop the attitude students will develop realistic goals in the light of interests and abilities as they progress through life.
- 20. To develop the understanding that different jobs require different abilities.
- 21. To provide a wide and varied interest that will open up an expanded base for career choice.
- 22. To encourage students to express goals and aspirations.
- 23. To encourage students to do individual in-depth study of areas of interest.
- 24. To provide information, observational experiences and experimentation in the clusters of the world of work.
- 25. To develop a degree of skill in the use of tools, equipment, and supplies that workers use in the performance of their jobs and have practical experiences in each.



TEACHER AIDS



HINTS TO TEACHERS - GROUP ACTIVITIES

In the career awareness materials there are many small group activities to be carried out by the students. Because students have learned to function individually and for their own goals, learning to participate productively within a group and for group goals calls for special efforts by the teacher.

Children do not adapt naturally to small group efforts. As they have learned to compete for grades and have generally been taught that sharing answers is wrong, the new concept of cooperation and group goals calls for re-education. Many adults do not know how to work in groups, so be patient and encouraging with children in this endeavor.

Some Hints:

- 1. Try not to expect complete sucess on the first attempt.
- 2. Try to have several consecutive group activities increasing in complexity.
- 3. On the first attempt do not expect the children to share materials, i.e. globes, maps. Provide each child with his own materials, but utilize a group summary sheet.
- 4. Plan with the class ahead of time. Involve the students in planning and don't merely tell them. List goals on the blackboard.
- 5. Encourage groups to choose a leader. In older groups involving complex activities, a recorder may also be needed.
- 6. After the group experience, meet back with the class. Ask them how the experience went and what they think the problems are. Recognize the groups who worked well together and site examples of cooperative group techniques. Evaluate on a group basis. If individual grades within a group are given, it will only encourage the good students to do their own work. Remember we are doing the activity to develop sharing and cooperativeness.
- 7. It also might be helpful to discuss the roles of leader and recorder with the class. Have the class discuss characteristics they like and dislike in a leader. Possibly this should be done at the beginning of the second activity rather than the first so that too much is not given at the beginning. Overplanning can be as detrimental as underplanning!

Patience on the part of the teacher is required for long term success of group activities.



INTELVIENCE OF INDUSES

As you organize how the content of your instruction will be accessible to the children, your plans may include the use of community talent. Interviewing skills might have to be taught in order to facilitate your plans. Perhaps the most obvious skill involved in interviewing is asking appropriate questions.

The following lists of questions may help you, your talent, and your class get started with this important tool of communication.

One set of questions is designed for children who are learning to interview. It can also be presented to the talent prior to his visit.

The second group of questions is designed for conducting a group or class conference with talent in school or at the resource site.

The depth and quality of interview will depend, of course, upon the preparation each interviewer has in the area the talent represents. Motivation to find out will be an important factor. Those who are avidly curious will push the process of inquiry to its appropriate limits.

Certain questions will be appropriate to some talent areas and not to others. However, there is a commonality to the process of interviewing and a teacher can guide students to learn many of the grant communication skills necessary for effective interviewing.

The last section on evaluation has proved helpful in setting standards for learning performance and increasing the visibility of the inquiry process.

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



ROLEPLAYING

Interviewing situations within the secure learning atmosphere of your classroom is a safe, sure-fire way to get started. Children will be more free to explore if you approve their growing pains and sufferings in a "petri dish" wherein no harmful consequences may befall them. Whereas outside talent may be threatening to the development of tender thoughts and feelings, your warm support of the child as a learner will help the light to shine. Then, from trust and self-confidence, appropriate forms of behavior will develop.

Roleplaying is not only a process by which to learn the skills of interviewing; it is also protection for the learner (and the teacher) so that learning procedures may be started away from the foreboding consequences of direct encounters.

Thus, the darkness of our classrooms might first be penetrated by "artificial" light - roleplaying. When interviewing skills have been sufficiently shaped by this careful nurturing process, emergent behaviors can be brought into the "real" world for trial. Prestressed performance skills can be laced into the varied activities of the school year. If this is done on a regular basis, the teacher need not fear that the children's efforts will dissipate or dissemble when tested by adult characters in real settings.

Tapes of children interviewing each other are easy to make and allow for healthy criticism of learning performance. Dittoed sheets of questions with spaces for responses also offer tangible supports. "Friendly" school personnel can be used for practice.

A teacher can build a platform of appropriate materials for one class, then use it many times with the same group or use it to introduce new concepts to other groups. Also, prepared tapes (of actual interviewing) are available from commercial sources. At this point, however, we'd rather help you develop your own materials. As teachers ourselves, we think we understand something about this business of innovation. Usually, the greatest fears we have to encounter are our own.

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



17.

COMMUNICATING WITH TALENT

- 1. What do you do on the job? (Children are interested in how school-taught skills fit in with real work).
- 2. What kind of thinking prompted you to take this job? Did others agree with your thinking?
- 3. What tools do you use? Is there a special way of talking about your work?
- 4. Was this your first job choice? How many times did you change your mind about what you wanted to be before you went to work? Why?
- 5. What part of your job do you like best? Why? What part of it do you wish you didn't have to do? Why?
- 6. Who depends upon your work? Upon whom do you depend for your work?
- 7. What experiences and training on this job might prepare you for some other kinds of jobs should you ever want to change?
- 8. How does your job affect vour personal life? Do you have to work nights? Are you tired when you get home? Do you have noise during the day so that you need quiet at home at night? Do you have a job where you have to be nice to people all day even people who are crabby and ill-mannered?
- 9. What inventions could put you out of work?
- 10. Are men with your kinds of skills usually needed even when business may be bad? Is your work at all seasonal? Where could you work in this occupation? Is your work limited to geographical areas?
- Il. What kind of education is necessary for this kind of work?
 Apprenticeship? Trade school? College? Advanced degrees?
 Is there any personal quality for this job that is really more important than diplomas?
- 12. About how much money can a man earn in this kind of work?

 (Under \$5,000, \$5,000 to \$10,000, over \$10,000 an estimate so that the children can get an idea.) Is there a chance of getting a lot of money all at once?
- 13. When does your boss compliment you? (or when do you compliment your employees?) When are people fired?

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



GROUP CONFERENCING WITH TALENT

When a resource person is sharing information with a group of students in a conference setting, it might be helpful to send the talent a list of the questions the class is considering. Your note can explain that the purpose of the meeting is to get some information about an occupation from a person actively involved in that occupation.

Familiarize your students with the list "Questions for Group Conferences" (next page). Ask the students to mark those they would like to ask. Questions should be asked with the understanding that the resource person does not have to answer. The resource person should be informed, in the presence of the students, "If we ask any questions that you prefer not to answer, just smile and say 'next question, please!"

Each interview will be a new opportunity for ideas to develop. Your analysis of the growing threads of the discussion and your firm, but subtle leadership toward target goals will move irrelevant talk towards fruitful discourse.

Be alert to step in and help facilitate communication if you see either the students or the resource person is not understanding what the other has said. Feel free to ask questions of your own to clarify answers whenever it is desirable to do so.

If you explain the reasons behind children's questions, talent and students will sketch more appropriate pictures in their mind's eye. As you relate their brief ideas into areas of class concern, shy talent (or students) and the academic activities of your class-room will be pulled together. The teacher has to be the bridge.

Naturally, overmanagement of social amenities can produce puppet performances and turn talent sour. Teachers, interested in effective affective as well as cognitive behavior, will enhance instruction through their managerial artistry. Vigor and sparkle is almost assured as the style of the teacher and the talent of the community are stirred into planned activities.

Young children can move curiosity into inquiry, inquiry into the academic domain, and the academic performance into healthy character and career development. The bridge to becoming has to be built upon, with and for people.

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



What schools did you attend?

What is your present job?

How did you get it?
How long have you worked there?
What time did you go to work this morning?
What was the first thing you did?
How long did it to?
What did you do next.

(Follow through the entire day.)

Did you do anything yesterday that was different from what you did today? Does this happen often?
What else do you do on your job?

Of all these various duties, which ones take most of your time?

What changes have taken place recently? Do you foresee any in the near future?

What things do you like most about your job? Least? Are there any hazards?

What is the usual starting salary in jobs like yours?

What qualifications do you need to get the job?

Age? Sex? Height? Weight? Other?

Marital status? Tools? License? Aptitudes?
Unions? Discrimination? Veterans? Capital?

Preparation? Minimum? Desirable? Time? Cost? Content?
Approved schools? Preferred subjects?

Supply and demand for workers? Outlook for the future? Advancement?

Hours? Regular? Overtime? Evening? Sunday? Holiday? Steady or seasonal?

Is there anything we should have asked? What would you like to ask us?

adapted from material in Occupational Information by Robert Hoppock, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1967



EVALUATING INTERVIEWING SKILLS

How do you know when children have learned to interview? How can you tell they are making progress toward that accomplishment?

Local conditions shape standards. Different criteria have to be applied depending upon individual expectations so your view of children's performance will determine an assessment of their progress and achievement. To help you focus upon visible evidence, the following questions are offered:

- 1. Can the child roleplay the interviewing process?
 - a. Does the "interviewer" question with a purpose?
 - b. Does the "interviewer" follow a strategy?
 - c. Does the "interviewer" show appreciation for the feelings of the person being interviewed?
- 2. What products show that the child is "interviewing"?
 - a. How are the interviewed person's thoughts recorded?
 - b. How is the interview reported to others?
- Can the child explain interviewing skills in writing?
 - a. Are the steps in interviewing set out in an orderly manner?
 - b. Can the child judge his own talents against what has been set out for the class?
- 4. Does the child use interviewing skills in voluntary situations?
 - a. Are ordinary encounters turned into learning situations?
 - b. Does the child seek interviewing situations?
- 5. Does the child read "interviews" in newspapers and magazines or watch "interviews" on television?
 - a. Does he volunteer information about media presentations that highlight interviews?
 - b. Does he share what he has experienced (see ., read cr heard) with others?
- 6. Does the interviewed person send feedback to the teacher and/or class?
 - a. Are expressions directed to the content of the interview?
 . . . the studies of the class?
 - b. Are expressions directed to the interviewing process?
- 7. Does the child express a hope to work in an occupation which requires interviewing skills? (Sales? Receptionist? Teaching?)

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



WHY SHOULD YOU GO ON A FIELD TRIP?

To be worth the time you spend, a field trip must meet a specific need of the group. It can stimulate an activity, help in the search for more information, or pull together diverse activities of a class into a unifying whole.

Field trips can help your group:

- i. add to and clarify information by seeing and feeling things you read and talk about.
- learn to interview workers and observe how people work together.
- 3. see how adults carry out their responsibilities.
- 4. correlate skills and other curricular areas with experience in meaningful situations.
- 5. give children an opportunity to work together cutside the classrooom, to meet friends in a different atmosphere, to practice skills in human relations in real settings.

WHAT KINDS OF FIELD TRIPS BEST SUIT YOUR NEEDS?

A field trip may be:

- within the school itself to get acquainted with the building, the grounds and the personnel.
- 2. in the school neighborhood to sharpen observation of the child's immediate environment.
- 3. to another school to exchange experiences or to introduce a group to another school situation.
- 4. outside of his immediate school neighborhood to explore an area of interest in a more distant part of the city or its surrounding area.

Field trips might be suggested to small groups or individuals for exploration on their own time. This may be the kind of suggestion which leads children and their families to explore an area of interest related to a topic of discussion in the classroom. A new interest may develop into a new topic of study for the class.

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



HOW TO PREPARE FOR A FIELD TRIP?

The following suggestions of things to do to get ready are for your consideration. Each group will need to work out its own procedures depending upon the needs and interest of the group. However, there are some areas of definite responsibility.

The teacher and career awareness director should be responsible for:

- guiding the choice of field trip and selecting the time at which the children will profit most by the experiences offered by the trip.
- investigating the situation, if possible taking the trip
 in advance, to become familiar with the place to be visited,
 and the things to be seen on the way to and from the place
 to be visited.
- 3. obtaining permission for the trip from
 - (a) the principal before discussing it with the group.
 - (b) the person in charge of the place to be visited.
 - (c) the parents of the children.

Much of the field trip experience can be cooperatively planned cogether. A teacher and class can:

- list the things they expect to see and the questions they would like to have answered. Children may decide who will be responsible for getting answers to their questions.
- gather information before the trip using books and audiovisual materials.
- 3. discuss every detail of the trip
 - (a) time -- date, hour of departure, time to be spent on the trip.
 - (b) transportation -- how the group will travel and the safety rules to be observed.
 - (c) group needs -- social responsibilities of each individual as a member of the group, the organization of the group enroute and while on the trip, the possible need for members of the School Patrol.
 - (d) personal needs -- type of clothing needed, need for lunch, special equipment or tools.



The learning opportunities opened to the group as a result of a field trip are limited only by the group's capacity to learn, the sensitivity of the teacher, and the time available. The teacher and the group and the group should evaluate the trip to:

- 1. see if questions were answered.
- 2. decide if the plans they made were satisfactory.
- 3. mote progress of class thinking and discuss energy to be applied to further work.

The group will probably want to do some of the following in order to build effective learning experiences:

- Gather more information to answer new questions that arose as a result of the new experience.
 - (a) review some of the materials used and search for new materials.
 - (b) look up related articles in books at school, at home, and at the public library.
- Use the experience to correlate the classroom activities with various curriculum areas -- to make learning visible.
 - (a) write thank you letters, letters for additional information, stories, poems, reportw, booklets.
 - (b) organize reports for the class, for other groups in the school, for parents.
 - (c) create songs and dramatic plays.
 - (d) make charts, diagrams, murals, dioramas, materials for the opaque projector, illustrations for booklets.

Most of all, the teacher will want to make use of the children's increased interests. The quality of living in the classroom can be improved if enthusiasm for life-centered activities is real.

Prepared by ABLE Model Program, Northern Illinois University



LETTER TO RESOURCE PARENT

Beginning of Year

Dear Parents:

The students in our school this year are participating in a program which aims to better acquaint them with the "working world" of their community.

The basic intent of this project is to make accessible the ongoing life activities of workers functioning in our community. We hope to expand our students' view and understanding of the world of work. We also hope to stimulate new interests which will lead to relevant and significant activities in the classroom.

We plan to visit some of the industries and businesses of our community to see the on-going work activities and to talk with some workers. We will attempt to invite workers to vist our classrooms to discuss their occupations and the interrelatedness of our community. We intend to involve our students in interviews and research. We expect much learning content (subject matter) to emerge from our ideas. History, geography, technology and language are just a few of the areas we can cover naturally and realistically.

We recognize, of course, that our beginning point must be as clost to our own locality as possible. As a part of our regular instructional program, we would like parents to come to our class to tell the students about their occupations. Our children will benefit by contact with an adult who is contributing to himself and his society.

We realize you are not in the business of giving presentations and, therefore, we intend to have a very relaxed question and answer session. We urge you to consider our need to find out more about your work.

Please fill out and return this form if you might be available. You will be contacted to arrange a definite time and date which will be convenient for both you and the class. The general objectives of the program and suggestions for the things we would like to know above will be available. We are interested in all occupations.

Please return to the teacher.						
атме	Phone					
Address						
	me to be at your school on (days or					
imes)						



LETTER TO SCHEDULED RESOURCE SPEAKER

Thank you very much for your willingness to participate in our program. Without your cooperation this phase of our program could not exist.

The objective of these sessions is not to get students to make career choices, but rather to help elementary students realize that everyone works, that all useful work is honorable. We hope to acquaint them with the wide variety of occupations that exist (there are many things to be besides cowboys, firemen, nurses and teachers) and make their present schooling more relevant to their future.

Your company or business may have some materials they would furnish for you to bring along, perhaps some pamphlets. You might check with your public relations office. Please bring your tools or whatever you work with. Certainly, if you wear a uniform or special clothing of any kind (welding hood?), bring or wear it if you can. Here are the kinds of things we would like to hear about:

- --What is your title or description?
- --Briefly describe what you do.
- --What aptitudes or skills are important for your job?
- --Do you have to deal with the public? If so, would you care to comment on this?
- -- If you are separated from people most of the time, working with things, how do you feel about that? Do you prefer not having to deal with the public or fellow workers?
- --What do you consider the best points of your job? The worst?
- --Is your job personally rewarding and fulfilling? Do you enjoy going to work? Do you recommend it as one of the alternatives students should consider?
- --You may want to touch upon the financial aspect. Do you consider the pay to be adequate, very good, unsatisfactory?
- --What is the outlook? Will this type of employment exist when these students enter the world of work?
- --What changes in equipment, automation, personnel, training requirements have you experienced in the time you have been in this field?
- --What training is required? (High school? Trade school? College? Apprenticeship? Graduate degrees?)
- --Is the field difficult to enter? (Union membership, professional school entrance quotas, etc.)
- --How does this type of career relate to what these students do now in school?
- --General information on working conditions, bosses, employees, etc.

	We	would	like	for	you	to	meet	with	
class	a.t							on	

Generally these presentations are from one half to one hour in length. If you wish to change to another date or time, or just have questions, call the Career Awareness Office at 342-4543, Ext. 219. We are mostly contacting parents of our students and those people who have signed up with Boise School Volunteers.





THE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OF BOISE CITY

CAREER AWARENESS OFFICE - 1207 FORT STREET BOISE, IDAHO 83702

Dear Sir:

Along with the teaching of the basic skills in our elementary schools, we feel that students should be given an opportunity to look at the real world of work.

We know that students are not aware of the adult working world. Whenever the work of the school becomes exclusively abstract, the school is in danger of becoming isolated from the real world. Therefore, field trips will fill the void of the functional relation between knowledge and ideas that are taught in school and the real everyday life of people earning a living and providing a service.

We feel that your place of business would provide our students learning experiences which our schools cannot provide. Within the classroom the students are investigating occupations in your business area. These activities are in all subject areas to help students see the relationship between school subjects and occupations.

Some of the things the students will be looking for in your business are:

- 1. titles of occupations at your plant
- 2. duties of workers
- 3. training or preparation needed
- 4. physical and social characteristics needed
- 5. what schoolwork was most helpful in your job
- salaries (optional)

Also a mention of social attitudes and habits which are essential - getting along with others, accepting responsibility, punctuality, initiative - will impress upon children that these must also be developed at an early age to be successful in a job later. It would be helpful before the tour starts for the guide to talk with the children in a more quiet area and tell the group what to be looking for, safety hazards, and set up a few ground rules while visiting.

We wish to thank you for this opportunity to show students "first hand" what the "world of work" is all about.

Respectfully,

George Washburn Career Awareness Director



GUIDANCE



29.

GUIDANCE UNITS

The career awareness project has as its major goals the enlightening of students to the world of work and development of their self
images through understanding themselves and others. It is felt most
people who are not successful in their work or have difficulty maintaining a job are failing through an inability to get along with others.
Most often this is the result of a poor self-image. The guidance
component of this project is designed to help students begin to understand themselves and others and, therefore, lay a groundwork for better
future relations.

The elementary counseling program is developmental in amphasis rather than crisis oriented. This means that the counselors' focus at the elementary level is on all children, not merely the exceptional child.

The developmental approach is based on the theory that a developmental task arises at or about a certain period in the life of an individual, with success leading to happiness and later success, and failure leading to unhappiness and later difficulties. A developmental program strives to provide within the school and the home a positive environment so that children have optimal chances for success. Work with teachers and parents as well as children needs to be a vital part of the counselors' role.

The concern of the program is the growth of the whole child; intellectually, socially, and emotionally.

Guidance that is developmental focuses on the encouragement process. Self confidence and the ability to deal effectively with one's world is built through positive, rather than negative reinforcement.

Career awareness at the elementary level is an important aspect of the guidance program. A broad career-orientation can contribute to the child's sense of worth and importance and consequently aids the development of a positive self-concept.

The elementary counselor's work with teachers consists of

- (a) consultation regarding children about whom the teacher is concerned
- (b) informational presentations to faculties dealing with
 - 1. parent-school relations
 - 2. classroom management techniques
 - 3. child development
 - 4. encouragement skills
- (c) organizing discussion groups where teachers can encourage and help each other find positive and effective techniques for dealing with specific classroom problems or situations.



The elementary counselor's work with parents consists of

- (a) encouraging parent discussion groups
- (b) suggesting ways parents can become involved in the schools
- (c) consulting with pare to a parding their child
- (d) serving as resource to parent in areas of
 - 1. school and community services
 - 2. responsibility development
 - 3. child development
 - 4. school progress
 - 5. changes in the home
 - 6. child management
- (e) providing parents with books and pamphlets dealing with children's growth and development and behavior

The counselor's work with children falls into two categories. The first is guidance activities within the classroom consisting of

- (a) helping teachers to lead meetings and discussions relating to general group problems
- (b) encouraging in classrooms the use of films, unfinished stories dealing with feelings and problem solving
- (c) serving as a resource person in classes relating to mental health
- (d) role-playing activities
- (e) puppet activities
- (f) career awareness

The second category is counseling. This is one-to-one counseling, limited crisis counseling if the need arises and group counseling

The Career Awareness Guidance Units found in this guide are suggestions which might be used at an opportune time throughout the year. It is intended that the class will view one of the designated filmstrips followed by an open class meeting which will include as members the students, teacher and/or guidance counselor. In the class meeting the subject for discussion should be the topic of the filmstrip and whatever it may lead to. These units are not designed to replace the current guidance activities, but to help direct some of them.



ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

GRADE III

The Guidance activities in grade three are centered around a guidance kit and a group of filmstrips.

All of these activities might be conducted by the teacher and/or the guidance counselor. The individual filmstrips are designed to be used at a rate of about one a month. The DUSO kit can be used as often as the teacher feels it is practical. It is suggested the DUSO be used on a regular basis to get the most benefit from it.

Each building will have at least one DUSO -1 and one DUSO-2. The guidance filmstrips are scheduled with units to insure their coverage in all buildings and classrooms if the teacher desires to use them.

DEVELOPING UNDERSTANDING OF SELF AND OTHERS A kit of activities and materials designed to facilitate the social and emotional development of children. The DUSO programs are based on the premise that every child, in the process of growing up, is confronted with normal developmental problems and that the classroom teacher can help children meet these developmental problems. They also recognize that to be the most effective in his role, the teacher needs the assistance and direction provided by programs of planned experiences and materials. The DUSO kit provides such programs which can be carried out with a minimum of preparation.

The DUSO activities make extensive use of listening, inquiry, and discussion approaches to learning. The wide variety of materials and activities provided in the DUSO kits allows each teacher to select the approach which is most appropriate for her unique group of children.

I. FORMAT GRADE III

Objectives:

- --to develop understanding and positive valuing of one's unique self
- --to develop understanding of interpersonal relationships
- --to develop understanding of the purposive nature of human behavior
- --to develop understanding of dynamic interrelationships among ideas, feelings, beliefs, and behavior in order to express one's feelings accurately
- --to develop understanding of competence and the components of accomplishment

Format:

The third grade will work with the first four themes in DUSO D-2:

- Toward Self-Identity
- II. Toward Friendship
- III. Toward Responsible Independence
 - IV. Toward Self-Reliance

Each of these themes might be used for approximately one quarter (nine weeks). Each cycle of activities which is about one week's program contains a story, activity, supplementary activities, and supplementproblem situation, role playing activity, puppet activity, discussion picture, career awareness ary reading.

The following is a list of filmstrips to be used The individual activities for the use of these filmstrips are on the pages in Grade three. that follow.

II.

FILMSTRIPS TO BE "SED IN GRADE THREE

Manners Are Lots of Fun, ERS

(Filmstrips, captioned)

- "School Manners"
- "Community Manners"
 - "Home Manners"

Open Ended Stories, ERS

(Filmstrip and Record)

- 4. "The Warning Blinker"5. "The Purse"

What Do You Think?, ERS

(Filmstrip, Captioned)

6. "What Do You Think About Lying?"

Developing Understanding of Self and Others Dinkmeyer, Don.

American Guidance Service, Circle Pines, Minnesota

ACTIVITY

Filmstrip, Captioned: Materials:

"School Manners"

--Manners Are Lots of Fun, ERS

Children's manners at school.

the importance of using good manners To help young children understand at school. Objectives:

Criterion Test:

teacher in individual conferences the main points Students will list in writing or describe to the of good school manners.

Rex finds himself on what he thinks is another By disregarding instructions, He meets a classroom full of undisci-Rex becomes determined to teach them plined children who are unfriendly to him and speaks at once, the classroom is disorderly, and the children play unkind tricks on one who show no courtesy to each other. another. planet. manners.

Activities:

one practices any manners; have the second group group draw a picture of a classroom in which no 1. Divide the class into two groups. Have one draw a picture of a classroom in which everyone Compare the drawings and uses good manners. discuss.

2. Ask each child to imagine that it is his first day at a new school. Let the children answer and discuss the following:

How would you try to make friends?

What would you want the other children to do to try to make you feel comfortable?

children to follow in the classroom and the What other manners would you expect the lunchroom?

school play yard. Ask children to observe what manners are being followed and what manners are If possible, visit another classroom, or s not. Back in the classroom, discuss what was observed.

GUIDANCE

ACTIVITY 1 (Continued)

- 4. Have one child ask the class a question about manners, such as: "Why should we raise hands if we want to speak?", "Why should we be quiet in the library?", etc. Let the child who answers ask the next question.
- 5. Ask each child to draw a picture of another child or a group of children using good manners (for example, eating properly in the cafeteria, putting away their school supplies, raising their hands).

This session might be conducted by the teacher and/or the guidance counselor.



ACTIVITY

Filmstrip, Captioned: Materials:

"Community Manners"

--Manners Are Lots of Fun, ERS (CA Center)

Children's Manners

To help children understand the Objectives:

importance of using good manners in the community.

Criterion Test:

Students will perform activity item 5.

GRADE 3

Friendly Uncle Polifly and his every day. They are courteous, thoughtful, and nephew practice good manners in their community kind toward others, and help keep the community a happy place to live. Uncle Polifly becomes upset only when someone else shows a lack of consideration for others. Synopsis:

Activities:

1. Divide the class into two groups. Have one property; have a second group draw a picture of a city street or community where everyone takes group draw a picture of a city street or community where no one takes care of community care of the property and is considerate of others. Compare the drawings and discuss. 2. Ask the children to name some of the laws and manners they follow in their community, such as Why are these laws and manners important? How littering, respecting other people's property. traffic laws when riding their bicycles, not do they help all of us?

3. Ask the class to discuss who some of the special people are who keep your community attractive and safe. 4. Have the children discuss some of the things they can do to keep the community that way. What improvements could be made right now? GRAPE 3

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GUIDANCE

ACLIVITY

Filmstrip, Captioned: Materials:

"Home Manners"

--Manners Are Lots of Fun, ERS

(CA Center)

Children's Manners Topic:

To help children understand the Objectives:

importance of using good manners at home.

Criterion Test:

Students will list in writing at least 10 examples of good home manners.

ᠻ GRADE

family do not cooperate with each other. Sitting people's problems are good manners that help make This filmstrip illustrates some quietly at the table, picking up after yourself, home life more pleasant for the entire family. of the problems that arise when members of a taking turns, and trying to understand other

Activities:

family decide what manners should be followed in Divide the class into "families". Have each their home, and why. Have the groups present their ideas to the rest of the class.

family at home, showing some of the manners used 2. Ask each child to draw a picture of his own

3. Have the children discuss why trying to underit help you when others understand your problems? stand other people's problems is important. How?

4. Ask how home manners can be applied to school situations. 5. Let the children mingle freely, or divide them into groups, and have them make up a poem, a story, or a song about manners at home.

This session might be conducted by the teacher and/or the guidance counselor.



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GUI DANCE

ACTIVITY 4

Materials: Filmstrip and Record:

"The Warning Blinker" --Open Ended Stories, ERS

(CA Center)

Topic:

Responsibility

Objectives: To show students that one is

responsible for one's actions.

To sh w students it is best to admit to one's mistakes and rectify them.

Criterion Test:

Students in individual conferences will display an understanding of responsibility and how it affects them.

Synopsis: Paul and Chris are walking along, idly throwing rocks at nothing in particular, when they come upon a warning blinker marking some street construction. The blinker quickly becomes a target for the rocks and finally Paul knocks it to the ground, breaking it.

Danny comes along just in time to see the boys running off. Realizing the danger caused by the broken blinker, he runs after them. Paul does not want to report the 'ncident because he might get into trouble. Chris did not hit the blinker so he does not feel responsible. Danny thinks something should be done. The filmstrip ends here, leaving the viewers to decide what will happen.

Activity:

Before viewing, have the children discuss, briefly, their personal experiences
relating to the story: If you are playing with
friends and something gets broken, who do you
think is responsible?

After viewing, lead discussion with such questions as: WHAT DO YOU THINK HAPPENED? Should one of the boys do something about the broken blinker? Which boy? Why? What could he do? What do you think he should do?

Why do you think Paul was so surprised when he broke the blinker?

GUIDANCE

ACLIVITY 4 (Continued)

Did Dunny have any right to become involved? Why might he feel responsible? Was there any reason for Chris to feel responsible? How might the boys feel if there was an accident because of the broken blinker?

the blinker belings to the city. The city is very big and has a lot of blinkers. Does it hatter it one little blinker is broken?

fits session might be conducted by the teacher inficrine guidance commselor.

GUIDANCE

ACTIVITY 5

Materials: Filmstrip and Record:

"The Purse"

-- Open Ended Stories, ERS

Topic: Integrity

Objectives: To show students the value and

meaning of integrity in their

lives.

Criterion Tests:

Students in individual conferences will display an understanding of integrity.

Students will put on a skit showing the theme of the class meeting.

GRADE 3

Synopsis:
On his way home from the park,
Kevin finds a purse with five dollars in it.
He looks but cannot find anyone who might have
lost it. At first uncertain of what to do, he
finally decides to keep the money which he soon
spends for a toy.

Kevin lies when his mother asks about the toy, and he lies when a girl confronts him with the information that she has lost a purse with five dollars in it.

But he begins to feel remorse over what he has done, and as the filmstrip ends, Kevin is trying to decide what to do.

Activity:

ren discuss their personal experiences related
to the story: Have you ever lost something?
What happened? Have you ever found something
which did not belong to you? What happened?

After viewing, lead the discussion with such questions as: WHAT DO YOU THINK KEVIN DID? What might happen if Kevin told his mother what he had done? What might happen if he told the girl what he had done? How would he feel if he just got rid of the purse and did not tell anyone? Do you think the toy store salesman would take back the used toy? What else could he do to get five dollars?

GUIDANCE

(Continued) ACLIVITY 5

What else could Kevin have done with the purse and money when he found it? What could he have done Should he have just left it where he found it? to try to find out who lost the purse? might have happened if he did that?

still hid the purse. Why? Why couldn't Kevin lock at his mother when he told her his friend What was the "funny feeling" Kevin had inside? Even though Kevin decided to spend the five dollars, he Abbert 1 at him the glider? Do you think Have you ever had that feeling? Gevin's methor believed him?

If vo: fourd something you knew someone else The state wealth you do? This seesion might be conducted by the teacher sucher the purdance counselor.

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GUIDANCE

ACTIVITY

Filmstrip, Captioned: Materials:

"What Do You Think About Lying?" --What Do You Think?, ERS

Dishonesty Topic: To show the students that lying Objectives:

distrust, or further complications. can only lead to misunderstanding,

Criterion Test:

In individual conferences the students will be able to express their ideas as to the degrees of dishonesty.

m GRADE

Ricky is riding his bicycle and Synopsis:

When his father asks who broke the plant, Ricky runs over a potted plant, breaking the pot. says he did not know.

breaking it. Ricky asks him later who broke it are to answer the questions as to what is best. and he says he doesn't know. Other situations known lie, a boy breaking something and lying about it. These have no conclusions, students involve a father telling his son one thing and Don is riding his bicycle and runs over a kit, it turns out differently, a mother telling a

ask the students if they can explain different Before showing the filmstrip, forms of lies. Ask them how a person feels when they lie. Activity:

Show the portions of the filmstrip and discuss each section with students after that section is shown. This session might be conducted by the teacher and/or the guidance counselor. CAREER UNITS





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H GENERAL INTRODUCTION

ACTIVITY 1

Suggested Subject Area: Social Science

stadents have areas of interest in which they are strong and areas in which they lack interest. Concept.

Objective: Students will become aware of their strongest and weakest interest areas.

Criteric: 'ssts:

Gradents will be able to list their strongest and weakest interest areas.

in individual conferences, students will be able to indicate their strongest and weakest interest areas.

ACTIVILY: RATING INTEREST AREAS

Using basic interest areas such as:

- Jutdoor activities. those activities carried on outdoors (sports, hiking, fishing).
- Those which call for use of hands (working with tools, experiments). Manual activities.
- activities. Activities which provide opportunity for self expression in writing, singing, and an instrument. dr .«... ATT IN
- " ital attivities. Activities which require careful thinking and frequently calls for use of paper Bettered (adding puzzles, homework, stamp collecting).
- sa tel a tivities. Those activities which require contact with others (selling, youth groups).

day, each child list his activities in each interest area by "Like", "Don't Care", and "Dislike"

Interest Area

Buchana

After completing the chart have the child list which two areas contain most of his likes, dislikes,

and watch he didn't care about.

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GENERAL INTRODUCTION

Suggested Subject Area: Writing, Social Science

Concept. All productive work is important and meaningful to society. ACTIVITY

Objective: D.v. students will understand that work of all people is important.

Criterian lest: In undividual conferences the students will be able to show an understanding of the importance of all work.

ALL JOBS ARE IMPORIANT Activity: stenographer, postal clerk, truck driver, effect allector, bus driver, typist, credit manager, electrician, plumber, heavy equipment operator. that it it der of importance (as you see it) the following jobs: . sares did you use in trying to rank them?

K. The property about the merits of (assume equal qualifications) bus driver vs. truck driver,

natesa vs. nurse, teacher vs. policeman.

GENERAL INTRODUCTION ٦. ۲.

ACT I VITY

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

All occupational areas have differences. All occupational areas have similarities.

Objective: The students will show an understanding of the differences and similarities of occupational Concept:

The students will explain in writing or orally the answers to the questions of the activity. Criterion Test:

SIMILARITIES AND DIFFERENCES IN OCCUPATIONS Accivity

Performance Objective: To make children aware that although occupations are different from one another, they may still have similarities.

Ask the children questions similar to these concerning two different occupations.

How are a medical doctor and a dentist different? How are they alike?

How are a medical doctor and a veterinarian different? How are they alike? How are a teacher and a nurse different? How are they alike?

How are a druggist and a medical doctor different? How are they alike?

How are a nurse and a medical doctor different? How are they alike?

51

<u>52</u>

3, 1 GUNERAL INTRODUCTION

*(IIVIIY + Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

There are some careers result in production of goods and some in production of services. Convept:

the students will grow in awareness about the many careers available with respect to production people. a variety of jobs available to al of goods and services. ubjective:

the students will be able to list in writing or discussion in individual conferences many varied jobs and whether they produce goods or services. riterion lest:

Activity: ABC + CAREERS

When the teams occupation starting with A, second child B, and so on. It can be made more difficult by asking each After children have had a general introduction to the concepts of producers and consumers, this game is a !un variation and supplement. Have children divide into two teams. The first child names an to at me whether the occupation describes a producer of goods or a producer of services. have gone through the alphabet, the team with the most players left wins the game.

3.1 GENERAL INTRODUCTION

ACTIVITY 5

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

Concept: Some occupational areas require particular footwear.

Objective: Students will become aware that people in different occupations wear different types of footwear. From the activity listed, students will be able to identify the worker in writing or in individual group conferences. Criterion Test:

Activity: WHO FITS THESE SHOES?

Ask the children if they can tell you what kind of footwear you are talking about when you read the following riddles:

l. I am old and worn
My soles are torn (Tramp's shoe)

I am long and flappy I make people happy (Clown's boot)

2

3. My wheels go rolling
down the street
When I am worn
upon the feet (skating shoe or
shoe skate)

4. Babies wear mewhen they walkBefore they evenlearn to talk (baby shoe)

5. I'm made of hard leather
I'm tall and high
I'm worn by a man
Under a light blue sky (Cowboy Boot)

6. Dance me around
Stand up on my toe
Dance and whirl
And bow as you go (Ballet slipper)

When you jump out in a parachute, You'll be glad you're wearing this strong boot (Soldier's boot)

7.

8. Anyone can wear me
But boys best of all
Like to wear me
When they are playing ball (Tennis shoe)

 Made of leather and decorations, Indians wear me at celebrations (Indian moccasin)

NOTES INTRODUCTION

GRAD

greeted by best Area: Language Arts

versor and proper make a living

. 32 embers and that there are thousands of occupational acti "ties.

Note that are not accupational areas in partomime.

are lemmatrating is a service or deals with a product. From that point on ाक person guessing correctly the occupation being pantomimed is the and the state of t

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GENERAL INTRODUCTION

Suggested Subject Area:

ACTIVITY

There are a great variety of occupations represented usually among even a small group. Concept:

Students will be able to act out in pantomime several occupational areas. Students will understand there are a great variety of occupational areas. Criterion Test: Objective:

Have students one at a time act out in pantomime one job their parents, grandparents, or a neighbor does for a living. Activity:

Ask each student to think of something which is singularly significant about that job so the class will be able to guess what the job is.

The remainder of the class guess what occupation is being pantomimed.

NO LICENSICAL ION

GRADE

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The second secon

. Language Arts

or the play an important part in our national economic system.

. wher materials are needed for a particular new in/ention to determine how much THE THE PART OF the Learner as to why products are invented; to assess the permitted to produce a new product and how much will be made with machines. in the analysis of the success; to determine who will buy a new product; to

... Translar conferences students will be able to explain how inventions have Tar Sefence, Popular Mechanics, Mechanics Illustrated, McCalls, Ladies

The state new product made of and what are these materials available The the product? Is the potential market large enough to assure . And a serious of the magazines. Predict who would use the product. What the product lead to a large new industry or will this product be

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GENERAL INTRODUCTION 3.1

Suggested Subject Area:

ACTIVITY

Concept:

Math

Time is an important factor in most occupational areas.

To make the learner aware that he must be accountable for his time when he is an employee. Objective:

Criterion Test: Students will each perform one job and keep tract of the time needed.

Standard ditto time sheets. Materials:

TIMEKEEPER Activity:

gives the sheet to the class timekeeper. When he is ready to perform his class job,he checks in with the When a person has been elected to perform a room job, he puts his name and job on a time sheet. He then timekeeper, who notes time, date, etc. When task is completed he checks out with timekeeper. Each week timekeeper reports number of minutes each employee has spent doing his job.

General Introduction,

GENERAL INTRODUCTION

ന GRADE

Suggested Subject Area: Science

live workers involved with environmental control such as the heating, air conditioning, filtering, ACTIVITY

Concept:

lighting, etc., must consider many factors when designing units to fit the needs of people. Carvers in this area are interesting and varied. The students will devalop an understanding of the importance of environmental considerations when deal ag with some occupational areas. Objective:

Students will perform the experiment listed in the activity. Criterion iest:

Thermom ter Materials: LIVI RONMENTAL CONTROL Activity:

Do not Turn on the lights, allow the students to do calisthenics, and after ten minutes, read the thermometer again. Place the thermometer in the center turn on the lights before you all enter together. Read the thermometer as the whole class enters your room. Using a good thermometer to record the temperature in your classroom we can make simple test to show the of the room. Hold the class in the hall or in another room before entering your room in the morning. Discuss the reasons for the rise in temperature. effect of lights, bodies, and exercise on the temperature of your room. The temperature should rise at least ten degrees. ţ

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CONCEPTS

is much greater than exposed land areas. The cocupation of oceanographer requires much specialized study. The science of oceangraphy studies the composition of seawater, geology of the ocean floors, waves and currents, and plant and animal life in the ocean. The part of the earth's surface covered by water

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- The students will be able to demonstrate a knowledge of proportions of earth's surface of land and water. _;
- Test Description: In individual conferences students can demonstrate this understanding by using a globe. ·,
- Students will demonstrate a knowledge of why an ocean to salty. ٠,
- Test Description: Students will do experiment #1, Activity 2 and explain results orally. نبر

SUPPLIE:3	Study Guide Worksheet Norld Outline Maps 10-12 milk cartons, tops cut off, holes in bottom 6 cups clean, washed sand 1 carton salt 12 small paper cups 24 wood blocks	water 6 jars with lids 6 bowls direction sheets teakettle hot plate large, long handled spoon metal can with ice old magazines	mil .
FILMS	"Occums - A First Film", MP 1327 IMC "A Fortnight at Nine Fathoms", MP 5405 IMC "Ocean Currents", MP 5193 IMC	FILMSTRIPS	Mooks **Career Comic Books: Popeye the Sailor and Marine Careers (CA Center) iexts: This Is Music, 4 - Allyn and Bacon Understanding Music, 4 - American Book Co. Schence Far and Near, 3 Story: "The Magic Grinder" One source for this

ERIC

RESOURCE PEOPLE

FIELD TRIPS

3.2 OCEANOGRAPHER

ACT IV (TY)

Give each group a Divide class into 5 or 6 independent inquiry groups. worksheet with questions such as following:

- of the ocean. Look for a place where you cannot sail around the land Make a small paper boat. Sail it from New York. Look for the end to another part of the ocean. Tell about what you found out.
- 2. Which ocean is the largest ocean?
- Which oceans touch the United States?
- 4. Which ocean is near the North Pole?
- How many oceans can you find on your globe? Write their names. 5.
- Label the oceans on the outline map. (Each student should have a map (Fill in.) Color all the water blue, land brown. 9

Place the ord books out for display during this unit for free time use.

GRADE 3

man a service state of a service

MATERIALS

5 or 6 globes study guide worksheet world outline maps (one per student) Comics: Popeye the Sailor and

Marine Careers

THE TAX SHEET SHEET

MATERIALS

10 - 20 milk cartons with tops cut off, holes in bottom

clean, washed sand, about 6 cups

1 carton salt

12 small paper cups

24 wood blocks

Water

6 jars with lids

6 bowels

direction sheets

in the groups discussed, ... itt. Ask each group to have ent of above have made to the aproj 👉 1. ACLIVITY ? : , ,,,

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and the tagh the information may not . . . t or board "Things We Know About

the street togeth accept all

Same and the same of the same . The Companies of the Control of th

or greener, students' con-

ACT IVITY

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

How Does Ocean Water Get Salty? Experiment "I

Materials: (choose a person to get what you need)

2 milk cartons

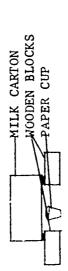
spoonful salt cup sand

4 wooden blocks paper cups

l cup water

Directions:

Put milk cartons on blocks with paper cups underneath like this: Put ½ cup sand in each milk carton Put 1 spoonful of salt in one milk carton on top of the sand



Pour 1/2 cup of water in each carton. Let water drip into cups. Taste water in each cup. What do you taste? Why?

Where does ocean water come from?

Think and talk about: How does ocean water get salty?

NATERIALS

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ACT IVI I'Y

Experiment "

Materials: open best

or and an Mivers that Bring Water to the

1 teaspion sul

2 cups witer

jar with ith

Directions

witer in bowl Mean are

add & teampoon and the antermer, stir Measure 1 cup water unto jar

the the are and set the far and the bowl in a warm, sunny place. laste the safet in the condiner, bots it taste the same?

. . . The Tel.

. Icr than rivers that bring

The continue taste? Why?

MATERIALS

" 1: Selence/Language Arts

Resource Materials:

Compton's Young Children's precyclopedia, Vol. 11 p. "The Magic Crinder" ---

A to orinder"

own same get saity and why they

mand of them.

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3.2 CCEANOGRAPHER

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Science

Demonstration of evaporation - condensation.

Ask students to waten carefully to see if they can detect rain being made. Seat students in a semi-circle to watch.

- Heat water in twaketile to boiling Ask "where is cloud coming from?" Introduce term evaporation.
- Place large space in cloud show children water collecting on outside, (Let cnildren speculate Ask, "Where does this water come from?" don't give any answers at this point.) 2.
- Hold can full of ice in steam what happens? "Where does water come ÷

On board develop a water cycle chart showing progress of water.

liant tudents make a proture of the water cycle in operation.

ACTIVITY - Assisted Subject Area:

Science

w 119 (140 - 141 115 118) MP 1327 - P.E. (IMC)

Olsacs to the low presented in film.

Put Give stillents the magazines to find and cut out pictures of sea life. all primars on a maletic board in random arrangement.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

teakettle hot plate

hot plate large, long handled spoon metal can with ice

MATERIALS 6

Film: "Oceans - A First Film" MP 1327 - P.E. (IMC)

old magazines

H.K
3
XX.

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Suggested Subject Area: Music

ACTIVITY

"the therthes heal Page 50 "tailing the lides" Page 142 14 13 14

Here the tree torm this is Music, a

" ne sea" page 168, Understanding Music,

 ∞ MATERIALS

--- American Book Co. Understanding Music,

--Allyn and Bacon This is Music, 4

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

"A Fortnight at Nine Fathoms" IMC Film:

100 and Assemblated Sine Pathoms" or "Ocean Currents" and

. The Tweet

"Ocean Currents" IMC

67

Unit 3.2

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CONCEPTS

A Marine Biologist does There are many types of plant and animal life in the sea. The resources of the ocean need to be used wisely and not wasted. lot of research on and experimenting with plant and animal life in the sea. A Marine Brologist's job is one of technical skills and intensive training.

PERCORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION FESTS:

- The students will be able to classify marine animals as fish or shellfish.
- Students will write down whether they are fish or shellfish, or indicate orally. Place samples or pictures of animal life on tables. : s. 'escription:
- Students will be able to demonstrate a simple understanding of why fish are especially suited to the their runt formulation. .;
- . Head property in individual conferences have the students explain the concept.

Grade 3	SUPPLIES	Seashore Display Kit (IMC)	Shell Display
3.3 MARINE BIOLOGIST	FILMS	"Exploring the Ocean" MP 1222 "Life Between Tides" MP 5274	Seal Island Mr 9016
	RESCURCE PROPLE	Scuba Diver	

FILMSTRIPS

* "Ocean Life Scientist" People Who Work in Science

*"Learning about the World Beneath the Sea" Imperial

r A center

BOOKS

'nderstanding Music, 4 (text) American Book Co.

FIELD FRIPS

3.3 MARINE BIOLOGIST

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Science Suggested Subject Area:

Put out seashore display from IMC.

ACTIVITY

they would like to read, making a picture of .ne of the animals or shells. Let children spend some time looking at the specimens, choosing a book

Show and discuss the filmstrip.

ACTIVITY

Science/Language Arts Suggested Subject Area:

Have students select a partner to work with.

Place a spacimen on the desk of each team.

Ask students to find out everything they can about their creature, using things they already know, what they can observe, and any books or other sources of information.

Have each team make a picture and write down some of the most important information about the animal

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Science

Share information gathered on each specimen with class. Begin to question about likenesses and differences - putting similar animals together.

Have students suggest some categories and the animals that would fit each probably be divided up into groups of animals that are somewhat similar. After all reports have been finished, suggest that these animals could

category

pictures according to categories decided on by class. If an animal doesn't Give each student several pictures from bulletin board display. Group fit a category, class will have to decide on another group.

These pictures can be mounted on a mural, group name and characteristics mural with pictures.

no

Ask students to bring any shells they have at home for a shell display. Shells should be marked with masking tape before exhibiting them.

GRADE

MATERIALS

Seashore Display from IMC

People who CA Center "Ocean Life Scientist" Work in Science - GA Filmstrip:

MATERIALS

IMC Oceans Kit

As many books about the ocean as can be assembled.

MATERIALS

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Marine Biologist, Act. 3.3

MARINE BIOLOGIST

ACT IVITY

Divide students into groups of 4.

Give each group at least 5 different shells with directions to find ways to group their shalls. Make them make a record of all the different groups they made.

At seast 40 shells of a variety

MITZRIALS

GRADE 3

of shapes, sizes, colors.

Ther tell each group to decide on a certain group of shells to collect. ter as large, a collection as they can by trading with other groups.

Question, for discussion:

What are some ways things can be sorted into groups?

What kinds of groups did each team decide to collect?

Any were these more valuable to you?

end uses do you think the Indians might have made of shells like these?

Suggested Subject Area: Art

other sources, or show selected frames from a filmstrip on Show on that a projector 4 or 5 pictures of undersea life from Mational Crayon resist deep-sea pictures. Grown 1 In.

Then suge to the children draw and color some sea plants and animals, leaving the background uncolored. Crayons should is used heavily.

Then path over the entire picture with a fairy thin blue tempera to be the wather. Paint can be blotted off the animals or left to dry spotty.

Display finished pictures.

MATERIALS

Pictures of ocean life or filmstrip showing undersea life.

Drawing paper tempera crayons

ERIC		And the state of t
	3.3 MARINE BIOLOGIST	GRADE 3
	ACTIVITY 6 Suggested Subject Area: Music	MATERIALS 6
	Sing the ocean songs learned previously and learn the following new songs:	ss: Book: Understanding Music, 4American Book Co.
	"I Come to the Beach" page 110 "The Shell" page 117	
	from Understanding Music, 4	
	ACTIVITY 7	. MATERIALS 7
	Ask students to suggest ways scientists could learn more about the life in the ocean.	Filmstrip: "Learning About the World Beneath the Sea" Imperial
71 • ~~	Show the filmstrip "Learning About the World Beneath tne Sea"	•
	Discuss special tools, wethods seen in the filmstrip.	
	ACTIVITY 8 Suggested Subject Area: Science/Language Arts	MATERIALS 8

Discuss special tools, wethods seen in the filmstrip.	
	The second secon
ACTIVITY 8 Suggested Subject Area: Science/Language Arts	MATERIALS 8
Invite a scuba diver to come and show his equipment and talk 14 bout the	Resource Person: Scuba diver with
uses of scuba diving.	וודט מוגאווע פרמי.
ACTIVITY 9 Suggest Subject Area: Science	MATERIALS 9

"Exploring the Ocean" MP 1222 "Life Between Tides" MP 5274 "Seal Island" MP 9016

Films:

Suggest Subject Area: Science

ACTIVITY

Show one or more of these films from IMC

Unit 3.3

GRADE

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CONCEPTS

Icthyologists study the development, structure, habits, geographical distribution and conservation of food and game fish. This field of work is very specialized and requires much intensive study. The resources of the ocean need to be used wisely and not wasted.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- 1. The students will demonstrate an understanding of essential elements necessary for survival of fish.
- Test Description: Refer to Activity #3. A.
- The students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the life of a fish. 2.
- eggs, baby fish, adult fish. Test Description: Students will draw the stages in a fish's life: Ą.
- Test Description: In individual conferences the students will explain the stages of a fish's life to the teacher. В.

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3.	4	Ιc	thi	70 I	ogi	st

GRADE 3	SUPPLIE	6 Goldfish Acquarfum supplies (Act. 3)							
5.4 1 CT HYOLOG 1	F1LMS	"Fish and fluir Characteristics" "Way of a frout" "Froubled Leursev"	idane iish and Came (Order early)	FILMSTRIPS				BOOKS	* Funny Folks in Limerick Land - Garrard
5.0	KESOURCE PROPILE	Fish and same be segret			;	FIRED TRIPS	-		

* CA Center furnishes

This is Music, 4 (text) Allyn and Bacon

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3.4	Icthyologist,	Act.1-2-3

3.4 ICTHYOLOGIST

'n.

GRADE 3

6 goldfish glass jars

MATERIALS

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Science/Language Arts

Divide students into 6 groups

Give each group a goldfish to observe and answer the following questions

- Describe your fish, using good picture words.
 - Tell how he swims.
- How does he breathe?
- How does he turn and change directions?
- Gently touch your fish. How does he feel?

Discuss observations and characteristics of fish.

MATERIALS

Language Arts

Suggested Sublect Area:

Funny Folks in Limerick

Land -- Garrard (CA Center)

Many

MATERIALS

Science Supervisor Resource Person:

Water Plants Guppies

Wide mouth gallon jars Snails Sand

Book:

ACTIVITY

Use the Encourage them to look at the fish again for inspiration or ideas. Have children with and !!!ustrate; ouns or stories about goldfish. might be interested in writing immericks about ocean subjects. book as samples.

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area:

Science

Have each iish group make aquarium including 2 guppies, 1 water plant, 2 snails, sand and water. (Invite the Science Supervisor for Boise Schools to help with this project.

Assign each member a day to observe the Have each group prepare a diary. aquarium and record his findings.

75

3,4 (THYOLOGIST	-
ACTIVITY 4 Suggested Subject Area: Music	MATERIALS 4
Sing the following sings:	This Is Music, 4
"The codfish" page 71 "Song of the Needlefish" page 119	
These are both from Fais Is Music, 4	
ACTIVITY 5 Suggested Subject Area: Science	MATERIALS 5
Show one of the following films from Idaho Fish and Game Department.	One of the following films from Idaho Fish and Game
"Fish and Their Characteristics" "Way of a Trout" "Troubled Journey"	"Fish and Their Characteristics" "Way of a Trout" "Troubled Journey"
ACTIVITY D	ACTIVITY 6
Invite speaker from flake Fish and Came Department to come and talk about idake is and work the Fish and Game biologist does with fish.	Resource Person:
	lethyologist,
	Act.
	4-5-6

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3.5 COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN

CONCEPTS

Commercial fishermen catch millions of Commercial fishing is a vital part of our economic structure. Commercial fishing requires much experience and knowledge of sea life. Mary people in the world depend upon the ocean for food. tons of fish and shellfish each year.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- The students will be able to name at least five fish or shellfish caught and sold commercially.
- Test Description: Students will list the fish or shellfish on paper. ٠;
- Students will name the fish or shellfish in individual conferences. Test Description: ж ж
- The students will be able to demonstrate how the oceans are important to man as a source of food. તં
- A. lest beserfption: The students will draw a picture of a seafood market with wares on display or a fishing operation at sea.

77

GRADE 3	SUPPLIES	* Print "Fishing" Sardines and Crackers										* CA Center Furnishes
3.5 COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN	FILMS			FILMSTRIPS	* "Fishing" People, Places, Products - Field	* "Harvest from the Sea, Story of Fishing" -Troll	* "The Ocean is Jobs for People" - Imperial	BOOKS	This Is Music, 4 (text) Allyn and Bacon	* All About Tuna (room set booklets)	* Ricky and Debbie in Sardineland (room set of booklets)	

RESOURCE PEOPLE

FIELD TRIPS

FISHERMAN
COMMERCIAL
3.5

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Suggested Subject Area: Health/Social Studies

ACT IV: TY

MATERIALS

GRADE

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Discuss display print from "Fishing" unit of People, Places, Product kit.

Encourage idildren to comment about and question the pictures. Talk about fond from the overing binds of seafood they have eaten.

"Fishing" (From same kit)

Filmstrip:

Display print "Fishing" People, Places, Products

Show the filmstrip "Fishing"

Characa questions such as the following:

What kind of people would become fishermen? wear I you like to rish for a living? what he way think are some at the problems of fishermen?

the rate of the same of the sa

MATERIALS

Books:

This Is Music, 4
--Allyn and Bacon
Understanding Music,
--American Book Co.

4

This Is Music, 4 Understanding Music,

This Is Music,

4

ACLIVES Suggreted Subject Area: Music

Stud many of actions to seed in this unit.

Learn the tollowing fishing songs:

"The Squil liggin' Grand" page 58
"Ny boat"
"Song of the Fishes" page 149

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ij		H	ne	3.3 Commercial Fisherman, Act. 3-4-
-	į	a ea, Troll	ardi	for
7 400		fon the St rg" -1	ain S	Jobs
ł	;	ે 🛱 ં 🛱	l 영혼	v Å

Filmstrip: MATERIALS MATERIALS Booklet: GRADE (The text is roo difficult for most 3rd graders, but students will be able Teacher can Reading/Social Studies Suggested Subject Area: Reading/Social Studies Discuss fishing and jobs the men do as seen in this filmstrip. to see how tuna is caught and processed by reading pictures.) Study and discuss pictures. Show filmstrip "Harvest from the Sea, Story of Fishing" COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN Look at booklet All About Tuna. supply background information. ACT IVITY

:

"Harvest from the Story of Fishing"

(CA Center)

4

Research Foundation All About Tuna

> Give each student a booklet, Ricky and Debbie in Sardineland from the Suggested Subject Area: Maine Sardine Council to read independently. ACT LV ITY

Provide a sardine for each student to taste on a cracker. Discuss how sardines are caught and processed.

Social Studies Suggested Subject Area: ACTIVITY

Have name of each Have tasting party of as many seafoods as possible. food printed on card beside the container.

kippered herring suggestions include: oysters salmon shrimp Some

Each child needs only a very small sample.) (Use toothpicks for tasting. tuna halibut

Show filmstrip "The Ocean is Jobs for People"

Sardineland -- Main Sarc "The Ocean is Jobs fo Ricky and Debbie in 4 or 5 cans of sardines CouncilSeafood samples Paper plates Filmstrip: Toothpicks MATERIALS Booklets: crackers Napkins

People" --Imperial

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CONCEPTS

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There are many occupations within the In most space industry occupations, much specialized training is required. A knowledge of space and scientific mechanics is essential in this field. The occupation of astronaut is an emerging field of work. space science industry.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- Upon completion of this unit the students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the major jobs of an astronaut on a space flight.
- Students will list five major job responsibilities. Test Description: · ť
- In an individual conference the student will be able to describe the job of an astronaut on a space flight. lest Pescrittion:
- Upon carrietion of this unit students will demonstrate a sim .e understanding of the rocket and space ter the used in space travel. c **:**
- A. First Description: Students will draw a picture of the rocket and space vehicle.

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GRADE 3	SUPPLIE3 Kit from Coca Cola Company: * Man and His Environment (CA Center)	01 w	* The Astronauts * Rockets in Flight * Moon * Space Words * Rocket Launching * Rocket Reentry (CA Center)	*CA Center Purnishes
ASTRONAUT	FILMS		STAIRS How an Astrice of the Start of the St	All available from CA Center) BOOKS * Core to Work With Us in Aerospace - Sextant * Core to Work With Us in Aerospace - Sextant * I Want to Be a Space Pilot - Children's Press (CA Center Texts: Discovering Science, 3 - Mertill This is Music - Allyn and Bacon (Book 4) Into Space With the Astronauts - E.M. Hale The Big Book of Space - Hurst What's inside of Engines - Zim (School Libracy) Numerous other books av ilable from school library.
3.6 A	RESOURCE PEOPLE		FIELD TRIPS To Capital High Sc.001 Planetarium	·-

AS CRONAL F

ACTIVITY

Soulal Science/Reading . क्षेत्रकार कार्योग रहा क्षेत्र mercent to the unit or does in conjunction with Chapter 10, "Lucking Little are" of Mistovering Science, 3

We will as an about students are going on a space voyage to the moon. The travel each way, and four

days :' . ..

take with them on the trip. No oreliminary briefings for this activity. " . Beat to meet in groups of three and decide what they must After the rest of time, ask we appear in furn to name one thing and the rest of write them on a start. In not let them name anything whit he was most ously named.

and to a shart for luture reference, to a contract of the Big Book of Space and show them the of the book.

ACTIVITY

abject Area: Language Arts/Social Science Suggested

Show the Hillstilp "How an Astronaut Lives in Space". Discuss what is neversarry is about travel from what they saw in the strip.

NW at w This Space Science Helps Us" and discuss this filmstrip.

space snips. They might include what they would find when they arrived Ask the stalents to write a four line poem about space, astronauts, or

as they finder, have them placed on the bulletin board for all to read the wink a space traveler.

MATERIALS GRADE 3

The Big Book of Space - Hurst Discovering Science,

MATERIALS

"How Astronauts Live in Space" "How Space Science Helps Us" Filmstrips:

--CA Center

6 ASTRONAUT

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ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Science

Kit Man in His Elvironment

MATERIALS

GRADE

--CA Center

Use the kit Man in His Environment and go through the space learning game "Rescue in Space". This game is quite advanced for third graders, but can be modified for this level.

excellent information on supplies for space travel and activities for It is a good resource for activities in space travel. There is the trip itself. Have the students refer to those items which were listed on the chart and compare those to the cnes in the kit.

"How Rockets Work" - Filustrip House "How Ruckets Work" - Coronet Filmstrips:

What's Inside of Engives - Zim The Big Book of Space - First Discovering Science, 3 (text)

> page 27 Discovering Science, 3 page : 11; Alat's Inside of Engines. The dig Book of Space are some and any.

They should include in their diagrams the space capsule portion.

Place these diagrams so all the students will be able to see them.

MATERIALS

Show the filmstrips "How Rockets Work". Afterwards explain the process

uring prepared diagrams or chalkboard.

Science

Suggested Subject Area:

Ask the students to each draw a simple diagram of how a rocket works. Some good diagrams can be found in many books on space and in science

Books:

.-- School Library

Unit 36

ASTRONAUT 3.6

ACT IVITY

Subject Area Suggested: Science

As a preface of Discovering Science, 3. The time allowed for these pages would probably be 15 - 20 minutes for 4 or 5 days. and follow up of this trip, correlate pages 1 to 11 and 215 - 237 Take a field trip to Capital High School Planetarium.

Review:

"How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" "How Do You Use Your Experience When You Return to the Classroom?" "How to Prepare for a Field Trip" (From appendix of this book)

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Music/Art

Have the students sing the following songs from This Is Music, 4 "The Man in the Moon" "My Rocket Ship"

"Flanets"

Make a list of all the workers needed for space flight. Come to Work With Us in Aerospace provides many occupations plus duties of each.

The students might make a bulletin board display of space travel and

MATERIALS GRADE 3

Fiel, trip to Capital High School Planetz. ium

(text) Discovering Science, 3

MATERIALS

Books:

This Is Music, 4 (text) --Allyn and Bacon Come to Work With Us in Aerospace

ASTRUMAN !

ACLIVITY

Suggested Sucjust Area: Spelling

Use the crossword puzzlos found in the box or supplies. Run off copies so each of ident tas one tor his use. It is suggested the teacher go over one terms so they a well understood by the class.

The puzzles in lided in this unit are: The Astronaue

Rockets in Flight

. YO. 3

Solk tham hing Space Kirds

Rocker Resort

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CRADE 3

MATERIALS

Crosswird Puzzles: Rockets in Flight Rocket Launching The Astronauts Rocket Reentry Space Words Moon

(CA Center)

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"nit 3.6

3. 6 ASTRONAUT

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ERIC

ACTIVITY Onrional

Have the students make a large space rocket cut of boxes and any other (Contact CA Counselor for help with materials) appropriate material. _;

Do the experiments on page 239 of the science text Discovering Science, 5

Read some of the following books to the students, or have them read as library books: 3

Come to Work With Us in Aerospace I Want to Be a Space Pilot Into Space With the Astronauts ABC's of Space - Asimon Rocket to the Moon - Bonestill The Big Book of Space - Hurst The Moonwalk Adventure - Friskey Discovering Aerospace - Pacilio

with these areas as you feel the students are gaining an understanding. Continue using the kit Man In His Environment. Do the supplementary suggestions on pages 9 and 10 of the manual. Take as much time These will need simplification. 4.

"Why Explore Show one or more films from I.M.C. "Kids Rocket Story", Space"

Show filmstrip "How Gravity Works" Discuss problems astronauts have to solve because of gravity or lack of it. (Filmstrip available from CA Center) ٠,

GRADE 3

MATERIALS Optional

See activities for materials suggestions.

CONCEPTS

and anomal economy. Railroads were very instrumental in shaping the histor in the statement of the statement of the statement of the statement. the country. Railway worker's jobs are desir-٠. -

A CONTRACTOR AND MINISTERS

i. Strout with a golds or a site a main duly of a railway engineer, switchman, yardmaster, conductor, and son the man white of this unit.

True True tiers: Peace to activity #5.

rill, or the state of the states to write a short story or peom illustrating the work of the following the work of the following the same of the following and dancer.

in the students to write a main duty of a

ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

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Carlotte to Waltham

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ACTIVITY

sted School Area: Social Science, Language Very, Reding

the beard the following. As you list each to the thing to me which are necessary to learn · · · · ask studering a contract about rail 1722, 1 AT A ST LAND AND A polist villa vale Explant:

switchman 578 1.675 187 . 7 11. - 12 1 1 1 1 1 : 50 A 1 A 50 Steam to storing Piesel !.

electr.

tenther BOK AT gandy dancer

inspector

yardmaster

conductor

fireman

signalman

yardman

... class the book The Runaway of Old '88 Teacher Degir Leading : observation . II

DAKE - SEE - SEE

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Seconia .

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50a 6

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Picture packet Encyclopedias Charts

The Runaway of Old '88 --Little, Brown and Co. Book:

> Personnel ei gineer

Leui pagn:

3.7 RALLWAY ENGINEER

MATERIALS

GRADE

Social Science

ACTIVITY .

Rails Across America Rooklet:

more a neck. from mount of the

Go through the It is a good historical account of railroading in the United States. Pass out a copy of Rails Accoss America to the students. Suggested Subject Area:

MATERIALS

Reading

"The Little Engine That Could" "Railroads, Lifeline of the Nation" "The Passenger Train"

--from B.S.C. Library

"Freight Train"

-from Boise Schools "Trucks and Trains"

Books: SRA Work Bilefs-SRA

MATERIALS

9

Music Through the Years -- Follett Pub. Co. Books.

Friends Far and Near ---Ginn and Co. John Henry: Steel Drivin' Man --Garrard

Suggested Subject Area: ACTIVITY Show the lilm "The Little Engine That Could" (11 min.) and discuss it briefly emphasizing the main theme of the film.

Show one of the films below: "The Passenger Frain"

"Railroads, lifeline of the Nation" It is at 1 mind? "Freight frain"

phasize the mailway engineer along with other workers. to reachers, items shipped, types of trains, different

Have one student agineer in the Junior Occupational Briefs. se stored a profit white a railway engineer does.

or its of this to the class. Stress the job outlook, sterning of the jeb.

Suggested Subject Area: Music, Reading

and " rather" trum music ihrough the Years. Talk about the

yen and oun the frames from Friends Far and Near.

Steel Drivin' Man Windens the Say Am dealty:

3.7 AMEMINAN PROFIEK

ACTIVITY

Sucial Science Suggested Subject Area:

List in the chalabrand the tell wing Class I railroads:

Atolisson, Lipera and Santalfo South of the fire and and seek

Surlington Northern - midwest, northwest

Missouri Lacific - midwest

Illinois Gentral - mideast Rock Inland - midwest

ualtimore and Whio + northeast Pen. . antril - northeast

Martolk and Western - east

Selbrand to istilline - southerst Southern - southeast

Insidute the general area of the country in which the railroad operate. Ask them to explain why many areas of the country have many railroads rall: sade in the United States, but they are the most important ones. in the to the students that these are only eleven of the 69 large maya myatratada

show them the map of the U.S. which indicates where the major United States mailtoad Lines go. (Wirld Book Encyclopedia, page 103)

San Francisco or Alburque, etc. It is not important that students know the lines; acwever, by mentioning a few they become familiar with Point our where things would have to go to be shipped from Boise to ene fraustry.

Names to Glenns Ferry for one day, but they want to change that to Nampa Mention the general extent of a train crew's "run". They will only take the train a certain distance and then the crews are changed. Now it is to Politello as the trains can cover so much more territory in a day. Point out that soise is not on the main line, but only a spur from Nampa and Orwhard.

GRADE

MATERIALS

World Book Encyclopedia

Books:

3.7	Railway	Engineer,	Act. 8-9-10
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Book: out and any contract on previously done) of a railway of plan Mention other forms of motive power on railways: theate now the engine runs through the principle used. Sala Stence

the control of the property of the and each group draw a steam engine

by any processor of the explantion of from group to group until you you will the ordered and. Place the finished drawings on the bulletin tri the next dy. Ask the students what they think they is a powerform the short look for, and questions they

), $\langle ., \rangle$ to observe the historical . It is the steam engine in the park. on your deal out jour Area: 2 hour fleld trip

is all and its (in the supplied and Americana) and s, ... lee, walk the ralls, look at

in (df. 188 the trip.

Hist be a good jub?

, itains to the previous activities covered?

s street the teacher go over 1. Compared supplies. Run off copies

Spelling

Suggested Subject Areas

GRADE

MATERIALS

--3M (page 7) in school What's Inside of Engines library

Materials: pencils paper tacks

Various forms of engine power Pictures:

Director for the trip in advance. Arrangements through Resource

MATERIALS

Crossword Puzzles "Trains"

i

CONCEPTS

and with much responsibility. Jobs in these industries are productive and desirable. a controller pare economically very important to our nation and community. Many a value transportation to reach us. The waterway industries are varied as are the or the first of the state of th

This followings to TE TS:

and the statests will be able to identify the job done with the type of ship in 75% " it its italion.

Je . mel. tion activity

. fir t. 10 tivity #5.

	. 8 SLIP BUILDS	GRADE 3
RESOURCE PROPERTY	FILMS	
	": mores as a order with 3 weeks notice)	Aluminum foil Containers for water, pans, buckets
		(Teacher supplied)
		*"Boats" - Crossword Puz.le by Ide al (CA Center)
		Floating soap
	IDENTIFIES	Sipper straws Thin paper
ny OC	" t : t, ! '' . ' . ' . '' " ti ; j < '' . '' . '' " Fr. parter", 06 "Passenter", 06	Paints or crayons Blunt knife Orange stick Scissors
	(Gar Progred from [MC] *"Shies I also and Small", ERS (CA Center)	

BOOKS

World & A (2234) pedia (Schools)

*CA Center Furnishes

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3.8 SHIP BUILDER

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

ACTIVITY

List on the chalkboard the following terms, or any number you wish to use. Have a picture of a ship or drawing on display large enough for all the students to see. As each term is written, ask the students to tell the class what it means and point it out on the picture.

The teacher might also draw a cutaway picture on the chalkboard using these terms.

Superstructure Shipshape Starboard Seaworthy Topside Stern Stem Scuttle Butt Porthole Mooring Kee1 List Port Companionway Crow's Nest Bulkhead Hatchway Forward Gangway Amidships Bridge About Aloft Below Beam

ACTIVITY 2 Suggested Subject Area: Social Science

Read to the students the section "Building a Ship" on pages 337-340 from The World Book Encyclopedia. Emphasize the five steps in shipbuilding: Laying the keel, building the hull, building the superstructure, launching, and outfitting.

Mention the time it takes to build ships, the endless construction materials, and the expense involved. Ask students to think of different occupations necessary for ship building:

Ship Designers Electricians Painters
Carpenters Welders Interior Decorators
Pipefitters Sheet Metal Workers Draftsmen
Plumbers Truck Drivers Hydrologists
(and many gore)

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

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World Book Encyclopedia

MATERIALS 2

World Book Encyclopedia

8 SHIP BUILDER

Suggested Subject Area: Science

ACTIVITY

Have students build ships out of aluminum foil or other materials. Give each the same amount of foil and tell them to build a ship which must be seaworthy and carry cargo. They might use cardboard or heavy paper to

will carry the heaviest weight. (Have a number of pans or buckets of When they have them built have a contest to see which student's ship water and some weights of some type to be carried in the room.)

better built ships, better designed ships, will carry the heavier loads, Also students can judge which is the best built ship. Emphasize the as in real ships.

ACTIVITY 2 Suggested Subject Area:

Spelling

Then go over the results Give each student a mimeographed copy of the crossword puzzle "Boats", with the class and explain all the terms used. They are to so plate it in a prescribed time.

ACTIVITY 5 Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Show the filmstrip "Ships Large and Small". Discuss the purposes of the different ships - why they are different sizes.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

......

Aluminum foil Containers for water Weights

MATERIALS

"Boats" -- Crossword Puzzle by Ideal (CA Center)

MATERIALS

Filmstrip: "Ships Large and Small", ERS (CA Center)

100

98

SHIP BUILDER

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts, Literature

Show the filmstrip "Stormalong". Discuss the story with the students as it is presented. As time permits, the filmstrips "Ships", "Freighter", or "Passenger Liner" might be shown.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Filmstrips:

"Freighter" -- #506 IMC "Stormalong" --#257 IMC "Ships" -- #130 IMC

"Passenger Liner -- #509 IMC

MATERIALS

Film:

--Standard Oil of California 'Tankers Aweigh"

Floating soap (large and small cakes) Sipper straws

Paints or (rayous Thin paper

Orange Stick blunt knife Sassors

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies, Art

one or more of the following suggestions:

This film is a good concluding, Show the illm "Tankers Aweigh". It must be ordered from Standard Oil of California about a month in advance. activity for these units.

strands draw and color various kinds of ships or people who work on snips, each doing a different one. They might do them as serious drawings or as carteon types.

anife. Polish and rub it smooth with the palm of your hand. Cut or bottom of each. Run a sipper straw through the flags and sails for a flagpole. Press the flagpole into the bow of the ship. Press a Make scap ships. Mark oil one end of a large cake of soap with an range stick for the bow. Cut away the marked-off section with a Decorate them with paints or crayons. Punch holes at the top and small flagpole and flag into the sterm, or back end of the ship. tear pieces of paper into different shapes for flags and sails.

*CA Center Furnishes

CAPTAIN	
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SH	

FILMS

RESOURCE PEOPLE

:

Naval Personnei

(CA Center #111 order with 3 weeks notice) "The Big E" - Idaho Petroleum Council

World Map (Teacher)

GRADE 3
SUPPLIE 3

*Packet - CA Center

FILMSTRIPS

* "The Ocean is Transportation" - Troll Assoc.

(CA Center)

(CA Center)

. * "Water Systems" - Coronet

BOOKS

* Eob Bodden and His Sea Going Farm - Carrard (CA Center)

This Is Music, 3 and 4 - Allyn and Bacon (Texts in Buildings)

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

FIELD TRIPS

SHIP CAPTAIN

Reading Suggested Subject Area: Read the book Bob Bodden and the Sea Coing Farm to the students.

As study ats to look through old magazines at home and clip out pictures of ships they find and bring them to class,

MATERIALS

Book:

Bob Bodden and the Sea Coing Farm ---Garrard

World Map

MATERIALS

Encyclopedias Packet

Filmstrip:

-- froll Associates (CA Center) "The Ovean Is Transportation"

> Mention ships which are not pictured. Include passenger liners, freighters; refrieerator ships, ore carriers, seatrains, towboats, barges, ferries, tugbcats, etc.

fry to use only one ship of each type. Ask students to bring up pictures,

from nome. (There are also a number of pictures of ships in the packet.)

Make a bulletin board display out of the pictures the students brought

Suggested Subject Area: Social Science

ACTIVITY A

when they bring up a picture, ask them to tell the class,

if they can, what the ship does.

one at a time

Have a number of encyclopedias on display which the students can observe.

Show the filmstrip "The Ocean is Transportation". Discuss the various ships observed in it.

GRADE 3

SHIP CAPTAIN

Suggested Subject Area: Music

Students -ing some songs from This Is Music, 4:

"Fire of its Sailors"

"slow, nove, Blow" "Shen-adod

"Page with Boats"

. w. ' s. Now Your Boat" (Round) from This Is Music, 3. (Page 12)

Read . The students the SRA Work Brief "Ship Pilots" from the Packet.

ব ACTIVIES

Suggested Subject Area; Social Science, Geography

Show the filmstrips "Water Systems"

List these ships on the chalkboard:

Ferryboat

Tugboat

Barge

Passenger Liner

Lumber Carrier Freighter 8.7.6.5.8

Ore Carrier Tanker

Fishing Trawler

Seatrain

Now give each student a sheet of paper with the following sentences. (See following page for sentences.) They are to fill in the blanks.

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

This Is Music, 4 Allyn and Bacon This Is Music, 3 (Texts) (Texts)

SKA Work Brief "Ship Pilots" (Packet)

MATERIALS

"Water Systems" - Coronet (CA Center) Filmstrips;

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

SHIP CAPTAIN 3.9

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4 (Continued)

ACTIVITY

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Chicago	
to	
have a heavy load of iron ore to carry from Minnesota to Chicago on	
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iron	
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load	
heavy]	the Great Lakes.
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- I help my crew catch tuna off the coast of California. I am a ۲,
- I carry passengers and cars across Puget Sound from Scattle to Bremerton, Washington. I am a **~**i
- I carry hundreds of passengers from England to New York City.
- EI. I carry railroad cars between New Orleans and Miami

i carry oil from the oil fields of Arabia to France.

- I do not nave an engine but am pulled up the river by a tug. carry a load of coal from Memphis to St. Louis. I am a
- I carry many logs from Portland, Oregon to Tokyo, Japan. I am a φ.
- I am small, very powerful, and push many large ships into port. work the San Francisco Bay. I am a ę.
- I carry hundreds of Volkswagens from Hamburg, Germany to Houston, I am a 10.

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3.9 SHIP CAPTAIN

Suggested Subject Area: Geography, Reading

ACLIVITY

Wall Map of World

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

From the questions in Activity 4, have the students point out on a wall map where the particular ship operated. As 2 or 3 students come up at a time and find the locations on a map, the one who finds it first explains to the class the location or the route taken by the ship.

Quiz Game:

Divide the twom into two teams who will stand on opposite sides of the room. the question is asked of the next member of the team. The team which mis He then asks the first member of the other team to identify the kind of whip he is portraying. If that person guesses correctly, he may The member of a team states a job he does as a ship (i.e. carry a load ask a question of the other ream. If he misses, he and sto down that eversone sitting first loses.

Have types of ships listed on chalkboard. They might also use terms identified with shipping.

ACFIVITY 6 Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Have a resource person speak to the class about life aboard a ship. The Navl Recruiting or Naval Reserve will supply a sailor. This proved very interesting for the students.

MATERIALS 6

Resource Person: Naval Personnel

SHIP CAPTAIN

3.9

Social Studies Suggested Subject Area:

ACTIVITY

Show the film "The Big E" from Idaho Petroleum Council. This 20 minute film shows life aboard the aircraft carrier Enterprise and how oil helps run the ship.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

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F11m;

-- Idaho Petroleum Council "The Big E"

ERIC Frontided by ERIC

3.10 COOKS AND CHEFS

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CONCEPTS

tooks and cheis prepare food in restraurants, hospitals and schools. Food must be carefully prepared and served in an attractive way.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- students will show an understanding of the work of cooks and chefs by preparing simple foods for their classmates.
- A. Test Description: Group activity preparing pancakes.

 Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #5.

*CA Center Furnishes

3.10 COOKS AND CHEFS

FILMS

RESCURCE PEOPLE

FILMSTRIPS

FIELD TRIPS

High School Food Services

Center

BOOKS

Booklets:

* Young Cook's Bake-a-Bun Book * SRA Occupational Brief

SUPPLIE

*Measuring attinsils - th center

Oried beans or peas Rice

Daper Plates Salt

(Teacher supplied) Matn worksheet

Electric gliddles or frypans For Optional Activity:

spatulas butter svrup

pancake ingredients: flour

corn muffin mix eggs

salt oil dry milk sugar

water

(or use a mix which requires only water, or water, eggs and oil) * Packet of materials (CA Center)

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Single copy Bake-a-Bread Book

(CA Center

Room set of Bake-a-Bun Books

Baking equipment for display.

1 Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

ACTIVITY

Why are they useful? What information What is a recipe" Ois, us, recipes.

tew pages and read them orally. Extrust the extipment needed on page 5, 'ass out the bake-a-Bun booklets : ver the '115 de the give"

to ever the recipe for bun making, keed the storms from the Bake-a-

Show examples of these in the classroom.

Bread Book to the students.

MATERIALS 2

ACTIVITY 2 Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

Read the Work Brief "Cooks and Chefs" in packet.

day. Give these to the secretary who can type them, run off copies. recipe for this food from their mothers and bring to class the next Students can later make booklets of these to take home. They might Ask students to write down their favorite food. They should get a make a picture for the cover of the booklet showing some type of cook or chef at work.

108

Suggested Subject Area: Math

ACTIVITY

Students may not be familiar with tractions. Show them the markings

Demonstrate how to measure 1/3, 2/3, . cup, 1/3, 1/3, 2 cups. Demonstrate how to measure with spoons. (use rice or salt) Demonstrate how to measure 1/4, 1/2, 5,4, 1 cup, etc. Pour beans, macaroni, rice, etc. into nowls. on the measuring cups and spoons.

Divide class into groups of four. Have stations set up around the room the problems. It might be well to have a work sheet for each student. so that the groups can perform the following experiments and solve

How many teaspoons make 1 tablespoon? How many 1/3 cups make 2/3 cups? How many 1/3 cups make 1 cup? Have students write answers to the following problems: How many 1/4 cups make 1/2 cup? How many 1/4 cups make 3/4 cup? How many 1/4 cups make 1 cup?

Experiments: (Students copy on a sheet of paper how much of eac, they mixed to get the final results.)

- 2 cups using macaroni and 2 kinds of beans. They must use quarter, half and full cups, or third, two third, etc. Any combination to come up with 2 cups. (Example: 1/2 cup white beans, 3/4 cup brown beans, 3/4 cup macaroni equals 2 cups.)
- 1 1/3 cups, using all types.
- Place 3 tablespoons of rice in a bowl. Ask students to find out: a) how many tablespoons <u>ښ</u>
 - b) inow many teaspoons
- c) how many teaspoons make one tablespoon (three)

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Measuring cups and spoons (CA Center) dry beans, peas, rice, salt, etc. for measuring practice

Suggested subject Area: Bealth

Take a list of eart of the following foods that the children can think off 1, vegetables, 2. fruits, 3. meat, 4. dairy products, o. grains, preads, o. nuts, 7. deserts.

pictures of foods

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

reference pooks paper plates

> have acurees such as books, recipe books, etc. available for magazides or newspapers. Place the pictures by category or mildren to theck. Make pictures or cut out pictures from a table. Children select two or three they like from each ategory and place on their plates.

Place pactures in different classifications on a table. Children play smorgasbord and choose a balanced meal. MATERIALS

Field trip to High School Food Services Center

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Field trip to High School Tood Services Center. Students eat lunch there and tour the facilities.

Review:

"How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" "How to Prepare for a Field Trip"

"How Do You Use Your Experience When You Return to the Classroom?" (From Appendix of this book)

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies/Math Optional

ACT IVITY

Divide class into groups of four. Prepare pancakes according to recipe chosen ahead of time. Choose one variation. Put butter and syrup on pancakes and eat them. Note: Student helpers may be useful - one per group. They will need to re cautened only to help, not do things for younger children.

Necipe for Pancakes:

cup corn muftin mix 1 cup i tour

2 tablespoons salad oil z teaspoon salt

1 174

2/3 cup dry milk

ኒ cup sugar 2 cups water

GRADE 3

MATERIALS Optional

Electric griddles or frying pans Pancake ingredients Spatulas

Measuring spoons and cups Mixing spoons - CA Center Mixing bowls - CA Center

- CA Center

paper napkins plastic forks paper plates butter

Unit 3.10

3.11 FOOD SERVICE WORKERS

CONCEPTS

Food service workers include waitresses, busboys, waiters, restaurant owners. Skilled food service workers can help make a restaurant successful. Good manners are important.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- i. Students will be able to act out the work of a waiter, waitress, busboy, or restaurant owner.
- A. Test Description: *Role-playing Teacher Directions: Refer to activities #1 and #4.
- Students will be able to explain what good table manners are and why they are important. - ;
- A. Test Description: Class meeting Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #3.
- Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to explain what good table manners are and why they are important. Test Description: Oral test В.

*I Want to Be a Restaurant Owner --Children's Press (CA Center)

BOOKS

*CA Center Furnishes

3.11 FOOD SERVICE WORKERS

Ditto for table setting

SUPPLIE

GRADE 3

Paper napkins

Order forms

Menus

FILMS

Host or Hostess

Kestaurant Owner,

Manager

RESOURCE PEOPLE

(or field trip)

FILMSTRIPS

FIELD TRIPS

(or Resource Person) To Restaurant

113

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

116

3.11 FOOD SERVICE WORKERS

ACT IVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

I Want to Be a Restaurant Owner

Book:

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

-- Children's Press

(CA Center)

Discuss restaurants.

What are some kinds of restaurants? What is a restaurant?

What do people do in a restaurant?

Role-play the workers and customers in several kinds of eating places: Drive-Ins

Cafeteria

Restaurant

Discuss jobs described. Read book I Want to Be a Restaurant Owner MATERIALS

(plates, silverware, glasses) Cut-outs for flannel board Flannel Board

Construction paper "dishes" (one set per child) 2 table settings of real dishes and silverware.

Social Studies

Suggested Subject Area:

practice "setting the table". Then have four or five form a group. Each one set the table for the whole group. Aftr practicing with Give each student a set of construction paper "dishes". Let them cut-outs, ask for volunteers to set the table using real dishes.

silverware, napkins are placed on a table in a restaurant. Ask students Learn about setting the table. Using a flannel board, show how plates,

who wish to put on the cup and saucer and glass.

If time, talk about making attractive table settings. Ask students to set the table for a family meal at home.

ACLIVITY

GRA

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

3.11 FOOD SERVICE WORKERS

i

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

suggestions for good table manners as possible. Make a list. Then as a whole class, compile these lists. Put on chart to review during the Divide class into groups of 4 or 5. Have them think of as many sequence of this unit. Ask children to choose a partner and a suggestion to act out. As they show the appropriate and inappropriate behaviors, let the rest of the class guess what the suggestion is that is being shown.

Example: Put your napkin in your lap and use it.

Sit down, carefully unfold napkin, wipe hands and mouth periodically. Actor 1:

Sit down, wad up napkin, poke under chin, wipe hands on pants Actor 2:

Teacher could warm up the class by showing an example.

Suggest children watch in the cafeteria for examples of good table

3.11 FOOD SERVICE WORKERS

ACT IVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Math/Social Studies

check. Then change roles so each person gets to be the waiter or waitress. Make up a menu for a mock restaurant. Let children work in groups of The customers select from the menu, the waiter or waitress takes th ϕ order, figures the cost, and presents the bill for the customers to three - two people are sustomers, one is the waiter or waitress.

Optional: Let children design covers for menus, decorate inside.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Menus

Order terms

MATERIALS

Social Studies, Language Arts

Restaurant owner, manager, host Resource person: or hostess

0r:

After speaker, have children write stories about food service workers.

Invite a restaurant owner or manager or host or hostess in to talk

Suggested Subject Area:

about the workers in a restaurant and how the business operates.

Show menus, order tickets, etc. if possible.

Or: Field trip to a restaurant. Students can be taken to the High

School Food Services Skills Center for lunch and tour.

Field trip to Restaurant

Review for field trip or guest speaker from materials in appendix of this

the same as their regular school lunch. Call Career Education Office

for arrangements and reservations.

The cost is

ACTIVITY

ERIC

4 . 12 -JOME ECONOMI T

CONCEPTS

A nome econority is concerned with the following aspects of home life: living together, child growth and development, tamily resource management, wise consumer habits, nome management. Home economist may work as reachers, demonstration agents, nutrition specialists, researchers and a variety of other occupations.

PERFORMANCE DEJECTIVES AND CRITERION TEST:

.rudents will design and carry out tests for product qualit. and report their findings.

Test Description: Group activity - Design and execute s "taste-smell" test tor peanut butter. Teacher Directions: Refer to activities #4 and #5.

* Career Comic Books: Popeye the Sailor and Homemaking Careers

BOOKS

* Study Prints: What to do Day by Day National Dairy Council

	SUPPLIE	* Ditto (Master enclosed) Newspaper grocery ads from 2 different stores. (one of each for each 2 students)	Shopping list prepared from these ads Samples of products to be tested			
3.12 HOME ECONOMIST	FILMS			FILMSTRIPS	*"Judy's Family Food Notebook"Wheat Flour Instit	
.,	RESOURCE PEOPLE	Home Economist				 FIELD TRIPS

ECONOMIST
HOME
12

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

stren to write as many andings as they can for the following sentenced Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Consumer and Homenaking

careers.

Popeve the Sailor and

CAMILLY:

a name structhing people need to know,....

the second that their answers, trying to get as many ideas as possible.

A compartment of the something important at come.

onthe the free time use during this unit.

MATERIALS

Ditto #15

Suggented Subject Area: Math/Social Studies

The restauly needs and wants. List on beard in two columns.

NEEDS WANTS

into sneet "What the Smith Family Wants" (Elementary School Dis as a limited resources affect now money is spent.

have secured marke enotees. Add up totals. Discuss with their friends. form simplects, page 15)

hare so write in a consequent.

Unarmose a sarge group. Why are choices different?

What are the basics the family needs? Now must is left over?

ask stammes to metify their choices.

ACTIVITY 3 Suggested Subject Area:

Health

Show and discuss the filmstrip. Discuss the different types of foods and what goes into a well balanced meal. Refer to health text.

MATERIALS 3

"Judy's Family Food Notebook"

3.12 HOME ECUNOMIST

Suggested Subject Area: Math/Social Studies

ACTIVITY

from newspaper grocery ads, prepare a shopping list of items found in both ads. Have students prepare a chart to compare the store.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

2 or more stores. (one set for Newspaper grocery ads from each 2 students) Ditto from the ads - grocery list

Ask questions such as the following:

Which store has more items cheaper?

Which store has the lower total?

Where would you advise Mrs. Wise Shopper to fill this grocery list?

Make up a different list of your own of 4 items found in both store ads. What are the results now?

120

3.12 HOME ECONOMIST

Crivity 5

Suggested Subject Area: Science

Dienss product testing procedures.

how , uld we find out which is better in a specified characteristic? Design and execute together a "taste-smell test" for peanut butter.

Steps to take in testing a product:

- more like fresh peanuts? Which peanut butter sample smells more Example: Which peanut butter taste Determine the questions. like fresh peanuts?
 - Decide how to answer the question. Taste both peanut butter samples, smell both peanut butter samples.
 - Decide which taste more like fresh peanuts and which smells nore like fresh peanuts.
- Count the results.
 - Record
- Make a decision
- . Report the decision

Divide class into groups of three.

Give each group a card with questions to answer. Example: Which ketchup is thicker and redder? Which paper towel is stronger?

Which juice drink has better taste and color? Which dishwashing liquid gives more bubbles? Which washing detergent gets clothes cleaner? Which bubble gum makes the biggest bubbles?

(Several groups can have the same question)

any equipment they will need from home. Samples of the product will be Bring Ask students to plan a test to answer the questions they have.

Perform tests. Write report. Share with class.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Samples of two kinds of peanut butter,

labelled.

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Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACLIVITY

invite a home economist to talk with the class about the work she does and the work of other home economists.

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies, ACTIVITY

of or the ten stack brints and discuss them in class and indicate how they agni relate to nome economics. There are many suggestions on the back

Field trip to the museum to see housekeeping equipment of earlier times. Suggested Subject Area: 3(1) VIIV

Lall anead and see it one of the museum staff could discuss some of the household tools in the collection. Perhaps they might also show some early newspaper ads for food, household goods.

When class returns, discuss "the good old days".

GRADE 3

Mr. Milliam Harry

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MATERIALS

Home Economist

MATERIALS

What We Do Day By Day Study prints (10)

MATERIALS

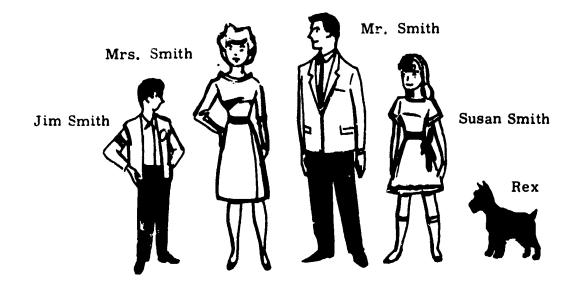
Social Studies

Museum trip

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WHAT THE SMITH FAMILY WANTS

Mr. Smith earns \$500.00 a month. Here are some of the things that he and the members of his family want. Circle the numbers of the things you think Mr. Smith should buy. In making your choices, try to determine what things are most important to the different members of the Smith family. Remember, Mr. Smith has only \$500.00 a month to spend and that he must try to satisfy as many as possible of his family's most important wants. Add up the cost of the goods and services Mr. Smith decided to buy to be sure that you have not spent more than \$500.00 of Mr. Smith's money.



- 1. Fishing rod--\$30.00
- 2. T.V. set--\$150.00
- 3. Phone service -- \$5.00
- 4. Electricity -- \$10.00
- 5. Rent for house--\$100.00
- 6. Suit for Mr. Smith--\$70.00
- 7. Food for a month--\$120.00
- 8. Sewing machine -- \$100.00
- 9. Chair--\$75.00
- 10. Lamp--\$30.00
- 11. Dress for Mrs. Smith--\$25.00
- 12. Doll for Susan--\$5.00
- 13. Shoes for Jim--\$10.00
- 14. Tent -- \$40,00

- 15. Bicycle for Jim -- \$20.00
- 16. Shoes for Susan--\$10.00
- 17. Jacket for Jim -- \$15.00
- 18. Baseball bat for Jim -- \$5.00
- 19. Encyclopedia -- \$80.00
- 20. Paint set for Susan--\$5.00
- 21. Roller skates for Susan--\$5.00
- 22. Dentist's services -- \$40.00
- 23. Gas for car--\$25.00
- 24. Table and chairs -- \$100.00
- 25. Washing machine -- \$150.00
- 26. Movies for family--\$3.00
- 27. Dog food for Rex--\$15.00
- 28. Collar and leash for Rex--\$7.00

How did you decide what Mr. Smith should buy?



12:

127

3.1 · 1CE CREAM MAKER

GRADE 3

CONCEPTS

Ice cream is made from milk and cream.

. edf hev tiles. Ice cream makers make many flavors of ice cream and man

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

1. Students will be able to describe how ice cream is made

Test Description: Oral test

Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each stadent, as the stadent to describe the steps in making ice cream.

rear lact F . Students will be able to tell about the work people do in an 5.

Test Descriptions: Oral test

Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, the student will describe the work of three different jobs in an ice cream factorm.

ER
MAKER
CREAM
ICF
13.

FILMS

Measuring spoons and cups

SUPPLIE

GRADE 3

Mixing bowls

2 hand ice cream freezers Dishpans to set them in

Rock salt

Ice

Spoons Bowls

Parent volunteers to help

RESOURCE PEOPLE

with ice cream making.

FILMSTRIPS

BOOKS

Field trip to an ice

FIELD TRIPS

cream plant

Music Round the Town --Follett

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

3.13 ICE CREAM MAKER

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Suggested Subject Area: Music/Language Arts

ACLIVER

MATERIALS

3. O.K.

GRADE 3

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oing. "The fee Gream Man", page 10-11, Music Round the Town

well of a "the tream Maker" from What Will I be From A to Z by Donald Gelb.

Music Pound the Town --Follets

1CE CREAM MAKER

Just down the street, not far away, the ice cream store looks bright and gay. What fun I'd have if I could try
To make the ice cream people buy.

Some sundae cups, a fudge-nut stick, The girls and boys could have their pick, For every child a milky treat, So pretty and so good to eat. What happy times I'd give to all With ice cream goodies large and small, In all flavors you could name. No two would ever taste the same.

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3.13 ICE CREAM MAKER

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

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MATERIALS

GRADE

Have children close their eyes and think about ice cream. Think of as many flavors as they can.

List the flavors on the board

Ask children to tell about their favorite flavor - how it looks, tastes, and smells. Make a list together of all the words children can think of to describe ice cream.

Write "ice cream poems", using descriptive words. Illustrate if time allows.

Note: If some children don't want to write a poem, suggest they write a story about an ice cream cone.

ACTIVITY 3

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Discuss making ice cream. What ingredients would be used?

How would ice cream be made? Have you ever made ice cream?

How?

Where do stores get ice cream? How is ice cream delivered?

Discuss what to look for on a trip to the ice cream factory. Especially remind the children to watch to see what the workers do and what the machines do.

MATERIALS

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MAKER	
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CREAM	i
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ACT IVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

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Field trip to an ice cream plant.

After field trip, list with the children the steps in making ice cream.

Have children make a picture of a worker in the ice cream process.

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACTIVITY

Make ice cream in the classroom with two or more hand ice cream freezers.

- put ice and salt in freezer Mixers - mix ice cream Icers Divide class into committees:

freezer, or perhaps set a kitchen Turners- take turns turning handle on

timer for one minute to avoid confusion.

check flavor before serving to Tasters-

At least one additional adult should be on hand to help with this Perhaps parent volunteers. project. Note:

ACTIVITY

Social Studies Suggested Subject Area:

(For a snowy day)

To tie this unit in with pioneers, make ice cream from snow.

Ice cream from snow:

Add a dash of vanilla, a little milk and sugar. Put a scoop in bowl or cup Find fresh, clean snow

Eat quickly before it melts.

GRADE 3

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A CARL COMMENT AND MARK STREET AND ASSESSED.

MATERIALS

Field trip to an ice cream plant.

MATERIAL

Ice Cream Ingredients:

dishpans to set them in 2 hand freezers rock salt ice

Resource people: parent volunteers

spoons

bowls

MATERIALS

Fresh clean snow Bowls or cups Vanilla Sugar Milk

suoods

CONCEPTS

A chicken egg, when properly fertilized, incubated and cared for will hatch into a chicken in 21 days. Both poultry and eggs are important sources of food and nutrition. Chickens and other poultry are largely vegetarians. They need properly balanced feed rations to produce eggs and to grow themselves. Most eggs today are produced on large egg ranches. They could be called egg factories. Water is essential to life both before and after hatching.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the eseentials needed to hatch eggs into baby chicks.
- Class activity Incubation and hatching of eggs. Teacher Directions: Refer to activities #2.1 and 2.2. Test Description: Ą.
- Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to describe the essentials needed to hatch eggs into baby chicks. Test Description: Oral test. æ
- Teacher Directions: Give each student a piece of lined paper. Ask them to write a paragraph on the essentials necessary to hatch eggs into baby chicks. Test Description: Written test ن

3.14

	33	Incubator-one hatching during 4 week period brooder candler chick feeders chick waterer feed straw or sawdust for brooder floor		3.17		
GRADE	SUPPLIES	* Incubator week p brooder candler chick fee chick wat feed straw or				and the second s
3.14 POULTRY FARMER	FILMS	Chickens MP 1029	FILMSTRIPS * How we get Poultry and Eggs" - The Foods we Eat, SVE		BOOKS	Texts: Exploring Music, American Book Company (text) This is Music, Allyn and Bacon (text) Singing and Rhyming, Ginn(text) Finding New Neighbors, Ginn (Text) Friends Far and Near, Ginn (text)
	RESOURCE PROPLE	Errill's Egg Manch Havid Douglas (Phone 939-6342 or specific questions on how praise poultry, etc. or roblems with incubator or prooder)	136	FIELD TRIPS		

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ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Science

Show the filmstrip "How We Get Poultry and Eggs".

the poultry farmer might do. Some in the room probably raise chickens Discuss the workers who were shown. Ask students to explain the work

therefore the activities can be done at various times during these weeks. This unit will necessarily be spread over several weeks (probably four);

Care for the eggs to be hatched will be a daily process.

CILVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Science

Incubate eggs 21-26 days are involved Prepare incubator for use several days before incubation of eggs.

Divide class into groups. Each group is responsible for water in the incubator and for turning eggs carefully twice a day to the 18th day.

Pertinate facts such as parts of egg and expected outcome of incubation Post general instructions for this task on the board.

Eggs may be candled and/or opened as described on the attached candling should be discussed. instructions.

Some days the only activity will be turning the eggs and checking the water in the incubator.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Filmstrip: "How We Get Poultry and Eggs" from the Foods We Eat --SVE

MATERIALS

See attached sheets for instructions and list of equipment needed.

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AMPINA INTRODUCTION

Suggested Subject Area: Science

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

Following Hatch:

ACTIVITY

Leave 11, ks in incubator for 24 hours after hatching. They do not have to be the torice abouts after hatching. Men ... bouts place the chicks in a broader. Ald chick feed and water.

Pictures of grains used tor feeding poultry.

Chick feed Grain samples

Broader

of the transition of filling a waterer and a feed all should observe now the chick takes in water and food

green count discussion: Why must a baby chick have water to live?

Term is mass could discuss suitable place chicks may be sent to live. called to feed positive. Platteres of grain used to feed poultry.

Suggested Subject Area: Science

ACTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

If possible parry out class decision.

The start of tame during the incubation period plan a field trip to a modern egg factory.

knowledge of how chickens are raised and eggs produced in the past and Betwie going on the field trip, the children might share their present present.

Class discussion following field trip:

How did what you saw compare to the film strip seen earlier? What was different? What was the same?

(It might be necessary to show the film strip again.)

MUTERIALS

Field trip to Mar 11's Ean Ranch in Eagle.

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

MATERIALS

GRADE

Following the field trip have students list in scrap book: ACT IVITY

"Things I Saw at the Egg Ranch"

"Things I Would Need to Grow Chickens and Produce Eggs".

Write a few sentences describing "Things I Saw"

This writing exercise could be started in many ways, but it should be designed to help the pupil become aware of the essential needs to successfully raise poultry.

On another day a writing exercise could be to describe an egg, an incubator, a baby chick, etc.

Sometime during the incubation period the following are suggested for Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts ACTIVITY

(Page 121 Exploring Music) (Page 299 Finding New Neighbors) "Chanticlier" "I'm a Goose" reading and discussion:

(All from Friends Far and Near)

Stories:

"What the Old Man Does Is Always Right", page 269 "200 Baby Chicks", page 38

"Drakestail", page 129 (optional)

Exploring Music -- American Book Co. Friends Far and Near Finding New Neighbors -- Ginn MATERIALS Books:

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Suggested Subject Area: Music

At the neglaning of the incubation period, during and after the batching However, any songs having to do atten-Terre, spring, new life and baby birds or animals are appropriate. ch. Tellowing songs are suggested.

Exploring busic

"Easter Time", page 149

This is Music

"Old Gray Goose", page 10 "I Love My Rooster", page 12

Singing and Kryming

"Suste, Little Suste", page 55

5 m 1

Suggested Subject Area: Ann

bras .. pleture of Chanticher or draw a duck, goose, or her

The crass could make a bulletin board using their own work or pictures

from magazines.

ACTIVITY 9

Suggested Subject Area: Mach

do story problems related to the hatching process and chick expectations. On a day when interest in the hatching process is high, the class could

These problems should be related to the general math problems being done at the time -- so specific problems are not included.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Tilottag Music --A.B.C.
This is fusic -- Allyn and Bacch Singley and shyming -- Gin

Formy vew Neignbors, '.e.t.)

MATTER LALS 9

feacher-mad sheet of math problems.

(one copy per student)

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MATERIALS

Incubator
Saucer
Tablespoon
Tweezers
Formaldehyde = 1 3dar*

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Incubators

- 1. President in the state of the angle of eggs.
- 3. Keep water in the moisture pan at all times. Insufficient humidity is one of the main reasons for a poor batch. If the air surrounding the egg is dry, the water present in the albumen evaporates through the egg shell causing the albumen and embryo to dry up.
- 4. Keep the incubitor away from drafts and sunlight.
- *5. Be sure that the mistorial or was true loss not pull the plug at night!
- 6. Be sure the incubator is letter.

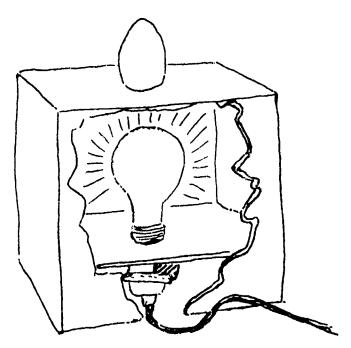
Eggs:

- 1. Fortile eggs with start or the refrigerator 5 d.C (40 to 41 d. F) until they are places in the product.
- 2. Do not store tests e eggs to the striggrature for more than 4 days.
- 3. Before placing the eggs in the incubator, mark them "A.M." on one side, and "P.M." on the other.
- 4. Keep the eggs as clean as possible.
- 5. Eggs must be turned twice a day until the 18th day. This prevents the embraye from sticking to the shell. Turning the eggs when school begins in the morning and just before dismissal in the afternoon works well. When turning the eggs do not jar or move them suddenly.
- 6. Some eggs may not develop or will have arrested development. They may be separated. Eggs may be "candled" on the 8th day and again on the 14th day. A small lativoard box with a light bulb makes a good candling box.



Init 3.14

CANDLING AN EGG



An eighth day fertile egg will show a small, dark spot with many little blood vessels extending in all directions. A fourteenth day fertile egg will show a large portion of the egg occupied.

- 7. Opening an egg every three days is a good time interval. The following time periods are good spacing: 3rd, 6th, 9th, 12th, 15th, and 18th day. The eggs will generally hatch on the 21st day. Plan your sequence so that the 18th day falls on a Thursday or Friday. Monday or Tuesday you should have chicks.
- 8. To open the eggs carefully tap the shell to crack it. You can pick away the pieces of shell with a small tweezers. You can then observe the embryo in the shell before pouring into a saucer. A hand lens will improve the observation
- 9. Formaldehyde (or alcohol) can be used to preserve each embryo. However, formaldehyde clouds the yolk and white of the egg after a day or two. You can prevent this by cutting the sac and accessories away from the embryo before placing in the formaldehyde.
- 10. From day 18 until the hatching the incubator should <u>not</u> be opened. Be sure there is ample water in the moisture pan to last the last four days.

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11. If the incubator has maintained a temperature slightly lower than the recommended temperature, hatching will be slowed down.



136 Unit 3.14

3.15 ENTOMOLOGIST

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CONCEPTS

Insects can be both helpful and harmful to man. The entomologist studies insects to help man control and pro duce insects. The occupation of entomologist is beneficial to man. An entomologist must have had much specific training for his position.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- Upon completion of this unit, students will show an understanding of the difference between insect-like creatures and insects.
- Test Description: Write a poem about an insect. Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #4.
- Test Description: Draw a brief sketch of an insect, followed by class meeting. Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #5. В.
- Crab, Millipede. Ask the students to identify the five insects by pointing to the correct pictures. Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, show the student a total of ten pictures (five pictures of insects and rive pictures of insect-like creatures). The pictures being of: Butterfly, Housefly, Grasshopper, Honeybee, Ladybug, Crayfish, Spider, Centipede, Test Description: Oral test

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3.15 ENTHOMOLOGIST

FILMS

RESOURCE PEOPLE

GRADE

SUPPLIES

* 2 eye droppers * 15 magnifying glasses

* 30 tweezers
30 cardboard pieces, 3"x6"

"Life History of the Cabbage Butterfly" MP 5435 "Life Story of Social Insects-Ants" MP 5216

"Biography of a Bee" MP 5391

"Life Story of a Moth Silkworm" MP 1:15

Numerous other films from IMC

"How Insects Help Us" MP 1091

30 cardboard pieces, 3"x6" straight pins 2 pieces of glass 12" x 6" smail pieces of sponge ants and earth fron anthill

FILMSTRIPS

Any number on "Insects" from INC catalogy page 27

BOOKS

The Golden Book of Science
--Scott, Foresman
Answers About Insects
--R. Rood

School Library

School Library

Insects in Their World

--Swain

* Favorite Poems Old and New
--Doubleday

School Library

* CA Center furnishes

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3.15 Entomologist

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Suggested Subject Area: Science

ACTIVITY

Write "Entomologist" on the chalkboard. Ask the students to guess what this person does.

An applied entomologist studies insects and their effect on man.

Show the film "Life History of a Cabbage Butterfly" or "Biography of a bee". Ask the students to think of some insect friends and some insect enemies. (These can be found in The Golden Book of Science.)

ACLIVITY

Science Suggested Subject Area:

Discuss Discuss with the class what an insect is. Mention the three body parts: Show them pictures of various insect-like creatures and insects. head, thorax, and abdomen; six jointed legs; wings in most cases. the differences (as on pages 8 and 9 of Answers About Insects).

Go through the Life Book Insects and show them the pictures of many types. Emphasize that entomologists study these to help man by controlling insect enemies and finding ways for insect friends to help us more.

Ask students to each find 2 or 3 insects, each different, and bring them to school tomorrow in a box or jar.

Grade 3

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MATERIALS

"The Life History of the Cabbage F11m:

Butterfly"

"Biography of a Bee" --Boise Schools Book: "The Golden Book of Science" -- Scott, Fores..an

MATERIALS

Books:

Answers About Insects

-- Life Nature Series Insects

ENTOMOLOGIST 3.15

Suggested Subject Area: Science, Art

those insects still alive, place them in a killing jar as described on Have the students place all their collected insects on a table. For page 5% of Answers About Insects.

Give each student some pins, a tweezer, a magnifying glass, and a heavy by pushing the pin through the thorax and into the cardward, leaving a piece of cardboard about 3" x 3". Ask them to each mount an insect space between each.

Try to pass out as many different kinds of insects as possible.

The students should now draw a picture of the insect using their magnifying glass.

When they have finished, ask them to look through various insect books to see if they can identify their drawing.

GRADE

MATERIALS

Book:

Insects in Their World Answers About Insects --R. Road

3" x 3" cardboard pieces 30 magnifying glasses straight pins 30 tweezers

MATERIALS

Book:

Favorite Poems Old and New --Helen Ferris

ACTIVITY

that Creep and Crawl and Swim and Sometimes Fly", from the book Favorite Read a number of poems to the students from the section Little Things Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts Poems 01d and New.

Ask the students to each write at least a four line poem about an They might also use illustrations.

3.	15

3.15 ENTOMOLOGIST

Suggested Subject Area: Science, Art

ACTIVITY

Ask the students to try to draw an insect from memory, a brief sketch. Now ask them to look at their drawings as you ask:

Does it have a head?

Does it have a thorax?

Does it have an abdomen?

Does it have only 6 legs

Is it an insect or something else?

Who studies insects?

Have students name some helpful insects, some harmful insects, some colony insects, some enemies of insects. Make a home for ants (or purchase one) and bring it to class. Have all the necessary materials and insects in containers. During class place all these in the ant home as is suggested on page 56 of Answers Abouts Insects.

Students can observe all during the year.

ACTIVITY 6

Suggested Subject Area:

There are any number of filmstrips on insects in the IMC catalog, page 27which could be appropriate for this unit.

MATERIALS 5

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GRADE 3

1. Willer 1.

Book: Answers About Insects

2 pieces of glass 12" x 6"
Strips of wood
2 -12" and 2-6"
tape
2 eye droppers
sponge
ants from hill with soil

ACTIVITY (

Filmstrips from IMC catalog, page 27

HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATOR 3.16

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CONCEPTS

Heavy Equipment Operators work in many and varied fields of employment. Operating heavy equipment requires training either on-the-job or in trade school setting or both. The heavy equipment field is economically increasingly important to our nation. Jobs in heavy equipment operations are desirable and productive trades. Jobs in highway construction and maintenance are desirable and productive.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- ment areas where one would find heavy equipment operators (i.e. Highway construction; dam construction and Upon completion of this unit, students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the five employwater related construction; development and demolition; transportation industries; manufacturing)
- Teacher Directions: Refer to activities #2 and #3. Test Description: Make a scrapbook Ą.
- employment areas where one would find heavy equipment operators (i.e. highway building, dam construction, Teacher Directions. In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to name at least five demolition, development, transportation industries, manufacturing, logging, etc.) Test Description: Oral test

142

В.

149

-						3.1	6 Heavy	Equi •	pment	Operator		
GRADE 3	SUPPLIES	Art supplies Old magazines (30 - 50) Construction toys (optional)	*SRA Work Briefs - Packet, CA Center *Idaho Drivers Manual - CA Center or Ada County Courthouse								*CA Center Furnishes	
HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATORS		"Mike Mulligan and His Steam Shovel" (B.S.C. Film Library)		FILMSTRIPS	*"The Skyscraper" - Denoyer-Geppert (CA Center)		BOOKS	* I Want to Be a Roadbuilder, Children's Press * Structures	* Airplanes and Trucks and Trains, Fire Engines, Boats and Ships and Building and Wrecking Machines by George Zaffo	Yellow Pages of Learning Resources - MIT Press Roads, Bridges and Tunnels, McDonald, Jr. (School Library)	Roads to Follow, Ginn (Text)	Encyclopedias
3.16	RESOURCE PEOPLE	Heavy Equipment Operator Parent, (optional)		•		FIELD TRIPS	•				· manufacture	

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3.16 HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

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CLIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Sciences

Read to the students the part of the Zaffo book dealing with building and wrecking machines. Show them the pictures in the book. Ask the students to tell of various jobs which are done by heavy equipment operators. Show them the pictures in the packet. Emphasize construction, development, demolition, transportation industries, the areas of work done by the operators. (Highway building, dam manufacturing, lumbering and many more.)

Ask the students to bring construction equipment toys from home for display purposes.

Option: Read to the students I Want to Be a Roadbuilder.

ACTIVITY 2

Suggested Subject Area: Art, Language Arts

Have the students formed into groups of five students. Have five main

. highway construction

2. dam construction and water related construction

. development and demolition

transportation industries

. manufacturing

concerning this job area. Have on hand many old magazines the students Have these groups choose or draw for the category to make a scrapbook The students might also make drawings of equipment. With the pictures students should write can cut pictures out of for the books. captions or stories or poems.

Ask students to look for pictures at home.

GRADE 3

the straight trains that the strains are seen .

MATERIALS 1

Books:

Airplanes and Trucks and Trains, Fire Engines, Boats and Ships and Building and Wrecking Machines -- School Library

| Want to Be a Roadbuilder -- CA Center

Roads, Bridges and Tunnels
--School Library

MATERIALS

old magazines

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

ERIC Frontes Provided by ERIC

3.16 HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Art, Language Arts

Students work on their scrapbooks with the pictures they have brought from home or complete areas they were working on.

Ask students who brought construction toys to explain what they are and how they are used in construction.

SRA Work Briefs or Yellow Pages of Learning Resources. Report on findings Ask a student to look up "Construction Machinery Operators" from the to class.

View the filmstrip "The Skyscraper". Discuss.

Read poem "Where Are You Now?" from Roads to Follow.

ACTIVITY 4

Suggested Subject Area: Social Sciences

a sales woor of heavy equipment. Perhaps a salesman will demonstrate what heavy equipment operators do in many job areas and/or a trip to The class will take a field trip to a construction area and observe some equipment for the students.

Optional: If there are any parents in this line of work they may be able to come to the class and explain the various jobs in this area.

Review from appendix:

"How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" "How to Prepare for a Field Trip"

"How Do You Use Your Experience When You Return to the Classroom?"

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Books:

Yellow Pages of Learning Resources
--School Library

SRA Work Briefs (Packet) - CA Center

Roads to Follow, Ginn (text)
Filmstrip:
"The Skyscraper" -- CA Center

-- Denoyer-Geppert

MATERIALS 4

Pield trip to construction site and/or sales showroom where heavy equipment is sold.

3.16 HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATOR

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ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Discuss the various forms of equipment seen during the field trip in Activity 4. List on the board the different pleces of equipment. Discuss the various jobs seen on the field trip. What requirements do the students think might be necessary to do each job? Read or have students read parts of SRA Work Brief "Construction Machinery Operators".

Show the film "Mike Mulligan and His Steam Shovel".

ACTIVITY 6

Suggested Subject Area: Social Science, Safety

Ask the students to think of all the workers they can who are concerned with highway construction and maintenance. Emphasize planners, designers, turveyors, mappers, as well as the actual constructors. Go back through the portion of the Zaffo book dealing with building and wrecking machines and point out those machines used for highway purposes.

Read from Yellow Pages of Learning Resources, page 66.

Talk about highway maintenance and what work is necessary for:
 patching sealing
 reconstructing painting
 new layers of concrete sign work

different highway signs as they can. Afterwards show those included Ask the students to get together in groups of three and draw as many in the Idaho Drivers' Manual.

Emphasize the shapes, colors, and sizes which reflect a particular type of sign.

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

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Film: "Mike Mulligan and His Steam Shovel"

--B.S.C. Film Library

SRA Work Brief "Construction Machinery Operators" --Packet, CA Center

MATERIALS

Idaho Driver's Manual --CA Center Book by Zaffo used in Activity 3 Yellow Pages of Learning Resources --MIT Press -- School Library

3. 16 HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts, Science

. . . .

Using encyclopedias describe the various types of bridges used, especially for highways. Read to them the following poem from Compton's Young Children's Encyclopedia.

Compton's Young Children's

Encyclopedias

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

Prem, "Roads in the Air" Encyclopedia (page 126)

Roads in the Air

The railroad tracks can guide a train And carry it most anywhere,

But when the way has dips, we need a train track in the air. How will you get from here to there If you would like to get across, Unless you have a magic road a road built in the air?

To get across, you must take care. It's safer if you use a walk -Expressways have a lot of cars.

a walk built in the air.

Because of rivers, cliffs, and dips, It's hard to get from here to there But easy when you have a bridge a bridge built in the air. a road built in the air.

MATERIALS

Structures Book:

---CA Center

ACTIVITY

With the help of the students, demonstrate building a bridge, then have the students build bridges as suggested in Structures, page 18.

Suggested Subject Area: Science

Supplies will be collected by the teacher, as they will vary with desired

complexity of project.

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But you can't drive across without Especially if the weather's fair,

'It's fun to drive along a lake,

3.16 HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATOR

ACTIVITY 9

Suggested Subject Area: Science

and much information that can be used. Refer to pages 85 - 87 of the book, "How to Use This Book". Use as many of the suggestions as you feel will add to the students' understanding. Yellow Pages of Learning Resources. There are many good suggestions Go through the article "Road Building and Repairing" on page 66 of

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Book:

Yellow Pages of Learning Resources
-- MIT Press
(School Library)

IRRIGATION SPECIALIST 3.17

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of the United States. Engineers who build dams are highly educated specialists. Irrigation specialists have had There are a number of types of dams. Irrigation is essential in the arid parts These two areas of employment are desirable and productive fields. Dams serve many purposes. many years of training.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- Students will be able to describe four purposes for dam construction upon completion of this unit.
- Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #1 Test Description: Class meeting ¥
- Give each student a piece of lined paper. Ask the students to list four purposes Test Description: Written test for dam construction. Teacher Directions: ä
- Students will be able to explain the water course in irrigation including the dam (reservoir), canal, ditches, (fields), and waste to the canal or river upon completion of this unit.
- Test Description: Class meeting ¥.

3.17 Irrigation	Specialist
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GRADE 3	SUPPLIE 3	Large table Many other materials for Activity 4 according to the teacher's desires. * Packet of materials	
3.17 IRRIGATION SPECIALIST	FILMS	"Erosion-Leveling the Land" MP5441 "Thirsty Acres" MP 9020 "Sun, Soil, and Water" MP 9105	FILMSTRIPS

"Irrigation Farming" -IMC 730

BOOKS

Merit Student Encyclopedia * SRA Work Briefs *CA Center Furnishes

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RESOURCE PEOPLE

FIELD TRIPS

3.17 IRRIGATION SPECIALIST

CTI, ITY 1

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies/Art

city water supplies, electrical power, recreation, raising of water levels tnink in terms of the Boise Valley. Emphasize irrigation, flood control, Ask students to try to think of ways dams help mankind. Ask them to for shipping or lumbering. Ask them about dams they have seen, about dams on the Boise River and their purpose. Ask them to name as many people as possible who work in dam construction, who work with the dams after construction is completed. Emphasize the engineer and irrigation aspect. Mention and make a drawing on the board of different types of dam construcrock-fill, arch, solid gravity, multiple arch, hollow gravity, zoned enbankment.

numerous types of dams built. Leaving the sketches up on the board, ask These can be found in Merit Student Encyclopedia. It is not important that they know any dam types, but that they understand that there are them to identify the types for Lucky Peak, Arrowrock, Anderson Ranch,

if they aren't familiar with Lucky Peak. When they finish, compare some Ask each student to draw a picture of Lucky Peak Dam or some other dam of them to show how various students view a dam.

Look up Mecharical Engineer in S.R.A. Janier Occupational Kit and read it to the class. Discuss this position with the students.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Merit Student Encyclopedia

Packet of Materials

S.R.A. Work Briefs

Irrigation Specialist, Act. 2-3

3.17 IRRIGATION SPECIALIST

Suggested Subject Area: Science

MATERIALS

GRADE

Follow the process of irrigation through with the students by diagraming Ask the students to describe what irrigation is. Emphasize that most areas of the United States don't need to be irrigated. ACTIVITY

on the chalkboard the water from storage to waste water. Emphasize that water is used many times for the same purpose on downstream. A simple diagram as is shown might be used.

Ask the students to imagine there are no dams on the Boise River. Have them describe what the Valley might lose which we now have. MATERIALS

Social Science

Suggested Subject Area:

ACTIVITY

160

"Irrigation Farming" --730 IMC

Filmstrips:

Show and discuss the filmstrips "Irrigation Farming" and "Water Resources".

"Water Resources"

--190 IMC

IRRIGATION SPECIALIST 3.17

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Suggested Subject Area: Art/Science/Social ACTIVITY 4 (Several Days)

This activity, which will take several days, is one of building a model showing dams and irrigation in use. Use a long table as least $2\frac{1}{2}$ 'x 8' and low enough for the students to work with. All students should be involved doing some phase of the

the table build some hills out of wire mesh and paper, or other materials The first step is to nail a wall around the table at least 3" high to keep the materials from falling on the floor. Second, at one end of available. In these hills will go the dam and reservoir.

Next place sand in the box.

Included in the project should be:

- hills with reservoir
- a dam of any type
- river and canal leading from the dam.
- a farm with fields getting water from the canal and draining The farm should include buildings, into the canal or river.
 - a town of at least seven buildings of various types animals, roads and fields. 5.
 - roads and bridges
- an electrical system with a powerhouse at the dam, wires
- a water supply system to the town, piped from the dam to a water and poles to the town and farm
- recreational facilities on the reservoir, marina, dock, boats,
- trees and shrubs 10.

GRADE

1. 1/2 right come may good comment

MATERIALS

x 8 Table 2½'

teacher feels are appropriate for the various parts of this Other art materials the construction. GRADE

MATERIALS

Studies

3.17 IRRIGATION SPECIALIST

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Suggested Subject Area: Art/Science/Social ACTIVITY 4 (continued)

It is suggested that the project be divided as follows: table construction - teacher

hills - two students

reservoir - one dam - two

river and canal - two

farm - four city - five

bridge - one

electrical wiring and power plant - three recreation - three

city water - two trees - two

Materials for this project will vary according to the desires of the teacher and availability.

This project can be as elaborate as you feel is educationally worthwhile. After the project is completed, go over it thoroughly with the class so

that they understand the concepts involved.

3.17 IRRIGATION SPECIALIST

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ACTIVITY 5

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Show one of these films:

a. "The Story of Hoover Dam"

"Great Rivers" (Columbia River)

These must be ordered in advance from:

a. Film Management Center Building 67, Denver Federal Center Denver, Colorado 80225

b. Department of Interior Bureau of Reclamation Portland, Oregon 97208 or one or more of the following from IMC

"Erosion-Leveling the Land" "Thirsty Acres" "Sun, Soil and Water"

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Films:

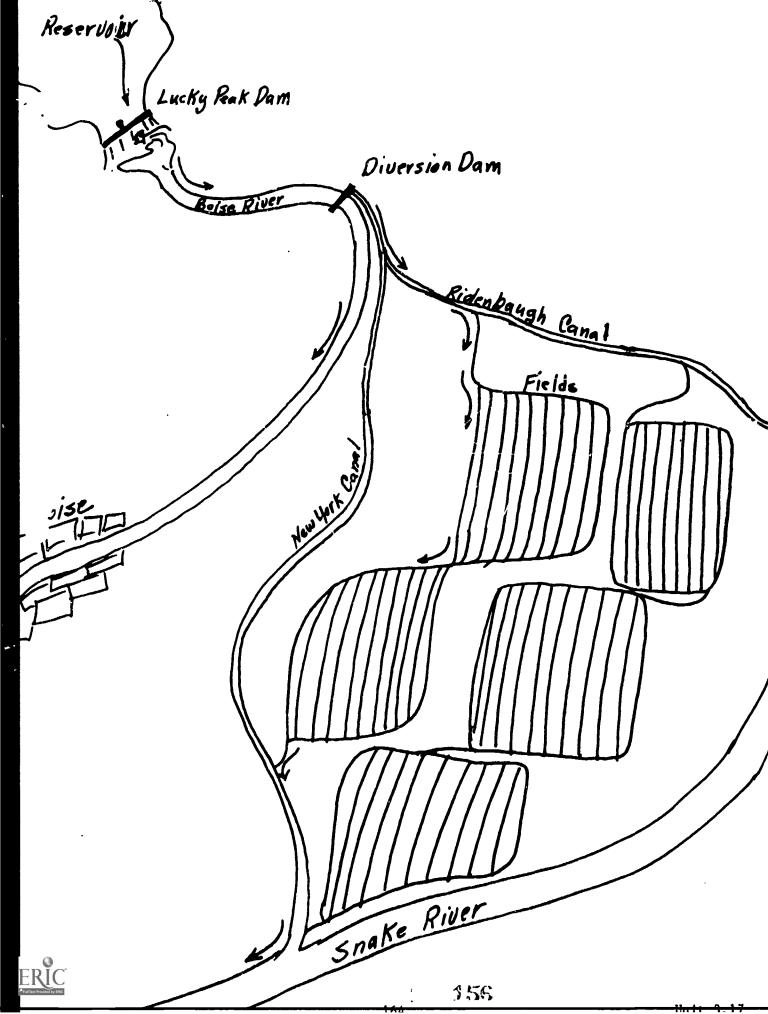
"The Story of Hoover Dam"
"Great Rivers" (Columbia River)
"Erosion-Leveling the Land"
"Thirsty Acres"

"Sun, Soil, and Water"

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3.18 DENTIST

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CONCEPTS

The dentist is required to have many years of training. The dental jobs are desirable and productive positions. Dentists are important for our everyday health needs. Tooth care is important to every individual.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- Upon completion of this unit the students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the main duties of a dentist.
- Teacher Directions: Have the students take turns role-playing a visit to the dentist's office. Divide students into groups of four. Set groups pretend to be a dentist, dental hygienist, dental assistant, (Be sure they wash their hands first.) and patient. Make sure everyone gets a chance to be dentist. Test Description: Role-playing Ä
- Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to describe the main Test Description: Oral test duties of a dentist.

2	10	Dan	- 4	_

GRADE 3	SUPPLIE3	Coca Cola	<pre> *Crossword Puzzle: "Dentist" (CA Center)</pre>	· species · ·			· · ·	- 111 (4					* *CA Contar River abas	מפווכדוודה דפווכה שמ	 sens dec.
<i>f</i> .	FILMS				FILMSTRIPS	eeth" FS 9 Care" FS	"Let's Visit a Dentist" F3 1591 IMC			BOOKS	*SRA Work Briefs - CA Center	Text: Growing Every Day			
	RESOURCE PEOPLE	Dental Hygienist	Dentist or Dental Nurse (optional)	 				FIELD TRIPS	er er er er			, -			

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Unit 3.18

DENTIST 3.18

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Health

This unit corresponds well with the health unit "4 Teeth" in the text Growing Every Day.

students. Talk about the training the dentist, nurse or technician Show the filmstrip "Let's Visit a Dentist" and discuss it with the needs. If possible have some dental tools on display. Go over the SRA Work Briefs in class to point out the work done by the dental health people.

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Text: Growing Every Day

Filmstrip:

"Let's Visit a Dentist" FS 1591 IMC

SRA Work Briefs

MATERIALS

Filmstrips:

"Teeth and Their Care" FS 1581 IMC "Brushing Your Teeth" FS 900 IMC

Suggested Subject Area: Health, Science

Have the school's Dental Hygienist make her presentation to the class. ACTIVITY

Mrs. Erebo (Dental Hygienist) has a skit with props that pupils enjoy

Place a baby tooth in a bottle of coca cola and observe what happens to it over the next few days.

MATERIALS

Resource Person:

(Mrs. Erebo) Dental Hygienist

1 baby tooth l coca cola

Show one or both of the filmstrips: "Brushing Your Teeth" and "Teeth

Health

Suggested Subject Area:

ACLIVITY

and Their Care". Go over the filmstrips in a discussion group.

3.18 Dentist, Act. 4, 5, 6

DENTIST 3, 18

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Drawing paper and Pencils

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

Suggested Subject Area: Health, Art

ACT IVITY

drawings home. Find out which baby teeth you have lost. Put an X on them on your drawing. On your drawing, circle the permanent teeth Draw a set of baby teeth and a set of permanent teeth. Take your you have.

Fill in a red spot any place you have a filling.

Bring your drawing back to school tomorrow.

MATERIALS

Health

Drawings from yesterday

Option: Resource Person: Dentist or Dental Nurse

MATERIALS

Crossword Puzzle: "Dentist"

Use the crossword puzzle found in the box of supplies. Run off copies so Suggested Subject Area: Spelling

ACTIVITY

each student has one for his use. It is suggested that the teacher go

over the terms so they are well understood by the class. The puzzle

included with this unit is "Dentist".

ACTIVITY

Go over the drawings that were completed last night. Suggested Subject Area:

Determine the average number of baby teeth, permanent teeth, missing teeth and fillings for the class. Optional: Have a dentist or dental nurse talk to the class, describe instruments and explain training needed.

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CONCEPTS

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among nospital staff members. The degree of training ranges from on-the-job to post graduate, depending on the Hospitals are essential for our health and sometimes for our lives. There are many, varied jobs performed Job. Jobs within nospitals are desirable and productive positions.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TEST:

- 1. Upon completion of this unit students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the various jobs performed among hospital staff members.
- Test Description: Class meeting, tollowed by the student's choice of an art or writing exercise. Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #5. ₹.

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161

169

3.19	Hospital	Staff
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ADE 3	SUPPLIES	Sheets of paper with individual rhymes printed on	der deres und		· · ·	,	
	FILMS	"Hospital" MP 5049 IMC		FILMSTRIPS			••
	RESOURCE PEOPLE					FIELD TRIPS	To Hospital

3

Yellow Pages of Learning Resources, MIT Press (School Library)

* Popeye and Health Careers (CA Center) Room set Career Comics:

*CA Center Furnishes

162

* Your World: Let's Visit a Hospital, Taylor * Come to Work With Us in a Hospital, Sextant

BOOKS

:

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Pass out the comic books and briefly go over the contents with the students. Let them read the comics in their free time while this ACTIVITY

Also have on display for student use the book Your World: Let's Visit · a Hospital.

unit is in progress.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

"Popeye and Health Careers" Room Set of Comics: Books:

Your World: Let's Visit Hospital, Taylor Pub. Co. (CA Center)

MATERIALS

Book:

Come to Work With Us In a Hospital

ACI LVITY

on the chalkboard. Go over the terms and ask volunteers List the terms in the glossary from the book, Come to Work With Us

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

Discuss Read the poems. Show the pictures and cartoons for each one. In a Hospital on to identify them.

specific aspects of each job. Example: What kind of personal qualities

would you expect to find in a nurse? What kind of equipment does she use? What kind of skills does she have?

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts/Social Studies

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

ACTIVITY

To play the game, a student from Team I will read his rhyme. A student Divide the class into two teams. Have listed on the board 17 job areas from the book Come to Work With Us In a Hospital. Have listed on separate sheets of paper different rhymes from the book. There should be a set for each team. The students will draw these out of a box. from Team 2 must tell him which occupation the rhyme describes.

Come to Work With Us In a Hospital

Sheets of paper with individual

rhymes

(CA Center)

--Sextant

point to the team. At the conclusion, the most points determine the reads a rhyme and answers to one. If the answer is correct, give a It would be good to have the students numbered so each student both winning team. MATERIALS

"Hospital" MP 5049 IMC

Field Trip:

To a Hospital

take the field trip if it is possible. (At some periods of the year Show the film "Hospital" as a preparation for the field trip, then Social Science the hospital will not give tours, i.e. flu season) Suggested Subject Area: Review for field trip: ACTIVITY

"How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" "How Do You Use Your Experience When You Return to the Classroom?" "How to Prepare for a Field Trip" from the appendix of this book.

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Art, Music, Language Arts

e jobs they saw on the hospital tour. Then students do one or more of the following: Discuss

Draw a picture of some hospital staff member at his work.

Write a poem or limerick describing some hospital staff member at

Write a story describing some hospital staff member at work. Write a song describing some hospital staff member at work.

GRADE 3

MALERIALS

Paper and pencils Art materials

MATERIALS

Go through the article "Hospital" on page 41 of <u>Yellow Pages of Learning Resources</u>. There are many good suggestions and much information that can be used. Refer to pages 85 - 87 of the book, "How to Use This Book".

Use as many of the suggestions as you feel will add to the students'

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies, Science

Yellow Pages of Learning Resources

understanding.

ACTIVITY

3.20 VETERINARIAN

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CONCEPTS

the care of certain animals such as zoo animals, small pets, farm animals, etc. He uses some of the same equipment Many veterinarians specialize in A veterinarian is a medical doctor who takes care of the health of animals. as doctors of humans.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- All students will be able to name five zoo animais, five farm animals, five household pets.
- Refer to activity #2 Class meeting Feacher Directions: Test Description: Ä.
- Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to name five zoo animals, five farm animals, and five household pets. Test Description: Oral test ω.
- Students will be able to name four items of equipment used by a veterinarian.. 2
- Test Description: Trip to the Bench Animal Hospital followed by a class discussion. Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #1 Ä.
- Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to name four items of equipment used by a veterinarian. Test Description: Oral test ф.
- Students will be able to pick out a household pet, describe it, and give instructions for routine care. ٠.
- Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #2 Test Description: Oral report
- All students will be able to name three things a veterinarian does for animals (take temperature, give shots, etc . .j.
 - Test Description: Trip to the Bench Animal Hospital followed by a class discussion. Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #1. ζ.

3.20 Veterinarian,

3.20 VETERINARIAN

FILMS

RESOURCE PEOPLE

"Care of Pets", MF 5212 IMC

Veterinarian (at hospital

tour)

SUPPLIES GRADE 3

*Kits (in packet, CA Center)

FILMSTRIPS

* I Want to Be An Animal Doctor - Children's Press * SRA Work Briefs (CA Center) BOOKS

Bench Animal Hospital

FIELD TRIPS

A 60 pm

Dr. William Ewing

Texts: Finding New Neighbors, Ginn Fun and Fancy, Ginn Singing and Rhyming, Ginn

Library books Encyclopedias Magazines

*CA Center Furnishes

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3.20 VETERINARIAN

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Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACTIVITY

animals, equipment he uses, and how children should care for their pets. bill to an animal hospital. Have veterinarian explain what he does for

Arrange for field trip in advance.

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

Be sure to have them ask questions. Some questions could be decided upon by the class before the trip.

Would you like to be a veterinarian? Why? What did students learn from it? On returning discuss the trip.

"How Do You Use Your Learning Experience When You Return to the Classroom?", "How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" "How to Prepare for a Field Trip"

(From Appendix to this book)

ACTIVITY 2

Suggested Subject Area: Reading

kead I Want to Be an Animal Doctor.

MATERIALS

Book:

I Want to Be an Animal Doctor --Children's Press (CA Center)

FT! RINARIAN 3.20

ACTIVITY

neading Suggested subjectives

Name some ways you can tell it at the some

Read Inc Doctor at the Zoo, (Story, page 7 : Ilnding New Neighbors,

animals, and household pets. Have students name different animals then Discuss and name three categories of animals, for animals, form can think of and decide in which rategory they beling.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Finding New Neighbors, Ginn (text) (Story "The Doctor at the Zoo", page 77)

MATERIALS

kıts

Divide into

magazines with pictures of animals encyclope . as library books

> Continue working on reports as time permits throughout the week, using kits, library books, encyclopedias.

It desired one student from each group may bring a manageable animal

on day of reports.

dogs, cats, etc.) Each group will give a report and prepare a bulletin

board display on routine care and habits of pet.

groups with common interests (i.e. goldfish, rats, hamsters, turtles,

Have students choose a household pet they wish to report on.

Suggested Subject Area: Social Science

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ACTIVITY

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Suggested Subject Area: Social Science

ACTIVITY

Show the film "Care of Pets". Discuss.

MATERIALS GRADE 3

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-- MP 5212 IMC Film: "Care of Pets"

MATERIALS

Book:

Read "The Hospital Mouse", page 149 of Fun and Fancy.

Suggested Subject Area: Reading

9

ACTIVITY

Fun and Fancy, (text)

MATERIALS

Singing and Rhyming --Ginn

(text)

ERIC

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ACTIVITY

Sing "The Raggletown Singers", page 170 Singing and Rhyming.

Suggested Subject Area: Music

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J. 2 U V	ereringrian,	ACL.	ο,	7

· .	WHITEKING 8	Finding New Neighbors (text)
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3.20 VETERINARIAN	ACTIVITY 8 Suggested Subject Area: Reading	Read: "The Traveling Musicians", page 292 Finding New Neighbors.

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The children will bring their bulletin board displays and give group Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

MATERIALS

If desired each group may choose one of their members to bring a pet.

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Unit 3.20

reports.

ACTIVITY

CONCEPTS

He must know what kind of environment they live in. A Zoo-keeper is responsible for the zoo visitor's behavior toward the A Zoo-keeper is in charge of taking care of zoo animals - feeding, cleaning and health needs. animals. Animals are divided into groups according to their characteristics.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- Each student will be able to describe three things a zoo keeper does.
- Test Description: Trip to the zoo followed by a class discussion on the things a zoo keeper does. Feacher Directions: Refer to activity #4 A.
- Teacher Directions: Give each student a piece of lined paper, Ask them to list at least three things Tes: Description: Written test a 700 kaeper does. Ġ
- . adents with derecarrate as understanding of the following terms with their definition. diurnal amphibian nocturna! memma | rish herbivorous 20110110E01 0011110100
- A. Tyst Description: ..ss resting Tearner Directions: Total to activity #2
- The state of the forms and another duiz with a list of the following terms and another list the following terms and another list the following terms and another list diurnal . wit Description: Matching Test hirth . T.

fish fish carterial captures to continue t

The fidents to make each term with its definition by connecting the two with a line. (Is received (. stolling to all of the the sense of the the to asset to define the colors of the the sense of the sense o



GRADE 3

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Full Text Provided by ERIC

SUPPLIE;

Record: "Camival or Animals" --BISD Music Consultant

300 Animals Picture Packet -B,S.C. Library

ROOKS

*! Want to the children's Zoo (booklet and tupe)
*! Want to the A Zoo-Keeper, Children's Press
(CA Center)

The first North, Natural History Press (No. 1. Stary)

And the books on animals

Yell, a large of learning Resources, MIT Press eschool Library)

Unit 1 "Pets and Playtime" Unit 2 "At the Zoo" Finding New Neighbors, Ginn Texts:

Ranches and Rainbows, Ginn Fun and Fancy, Ginn Unit 2 "Animal Stories"

This Is Music, Allyn and Bacon

FIRTH THEE

3.21 \$500 KEEPER

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ACT IVITY 1

Language Arts

Read story I Want to Be a Zoo Keeper.

Discuss: What does a zoo keeper do?
What are some of the foods zoo enimals eat?
Would you like to be a zoo keeper? Why or why not?

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

I Want to Be a Zoo Keeper --Children's Press (CA Center)

MATERIALS

Tape and Booklets: "A Visit to the Children's Zoo"

children look at books. Leave materials in activity corner so children Hand out booklet "A Visit to the Children's Zoo". flay the tape while

can read and listen in their spare time.

Suggested Subject Area: Science

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ACTIVITY

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

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"Animal Babies Grow [p" - MP 1314 IMC "Animal Hide and Seek" - MP 1326 IMC "Zoo Baby Animals" - MP 1240 IMC Films:

see saby Antmais" (11 min.)

'A .tmal School"

, a terror of a factor that id be zoos at all.

"Anten! Babies Grow Up" " Land Mane and Seek"

war the project Areat Solence

ACTIVITY

"Animal School" - MP 1216 IMC

MATERIALS

Materials for making or ppets

was a wastibling zoo living.

and the state (have one student A Comment of the Arts of the Arts

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Social Studies, Science Suggested Subject Area:

Arrange for field trip in

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

Allow $1\frac{1}{2} - 2$ hr. Field trip to zoo.

ACTIVITY

On returning discuss trip.

What did the class learn from the trip?

Would you want to be a zoo keeper? Why or why not?

Which animal did you find most interesting?

Draw a picture of your favorite animal at the zoo.

"How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" Review:

"How to Prepare for a Field Trip"

"How Do You Use Your Experience When You Return to the Classroom?" (From Appendix f this book.)

MATERIALS

colored paper scissors glue

butcher paper colored paper, gluing them together. Attach all animals to a large plece Suggestion: Each child choose a different animal, then cut them out of

ACTIVITY

Make a mural of a zoo, or a collage of zoo animals.

Suggested Subject Area:

of butcher paper and hang in room or hallway.

21 ZOO KEEPEK

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ACTIVITY 7

Suggested Subject Area: Music

This Is Music - "Carnival of Animals" Page 84.

Follow musty took teacher guide for directions. Will take three music There is also a record which is necessary to the activity. sensions of 15 minutes encha-

"Carmival of Animals"

Record:

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

--Saint-Saens

ment parks addenberg, BISD Music Gensultant for these materials.

MATERIALS

Animal Picture Packet --8.S.C. Library

Drawing paper Crayons

expected to the students that there are many terms to know in the study of animals. List the following terms on the board and ask the children Suggested Subject Area: Science, Art nocturnai diurnal amphiblans birds reptile mamma1 to explain each: ACTUITE S nerbivorous carnivorous

cold-blooded warm-blooded

fish

omproved se

Dis uss animal pictures from packet and classify each according to the terms above. Have children draw a picture of an animal and label it with one or more of the above terms, making sure the terms they choose properly identify the animal they have drawn.

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3.41 ZOO KEEPET

ACTIVITY 9 Suggested Subject Area: Science

Go through the article "Zoo" on page 83 of <u>Yellow Pages of Learning Resources</u>. There are many good suggestions and much information that can be used. Rater to pages 85 - 87 of the book, "How to Use This sook". The as many of the saggestions as you feel will add to the students' underscanding.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Yellow Pages of Learning Resources
--MIT Press
(School Library)

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Grade 3

CONCEPTS

Our food somes from all seer the world. A retail food store has many workers--manager, clerk, produce manager, meat manager (butcher), bakery manager, grocery checkers, box boys, stock boys. Each worker must do his job carefully are responsibly if the store is to run efficiently.

PERFURMANCE : BUEDTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- 1. Students will be able to name at least five retail store workers and describe each of their jobs in a complete
- A. Tesa Swscripting trainstorning session and class meeting Teacher institute: Nefer to activities #2 and 3.
- 2. Judents, will be able to tell why the retail food store workers are important to him.

['7' • •

*CA Center Furnishes

SUPPLIE NAME 3

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that the STORY MODEL OF A COLO Large Burn than 13 Paper

(1) 31)

The state of

PATATA FOOD SPORE WORKERS

ACTIVITY

Suggested subject Area: Social Studies

ing brone of the sholesale Market" (11 min.) Show and discuss the

GRADE 3

The gar water in a game and

MATERIALS

"Story of the Wholesale Market" 5291 IMC Film:

MATERIALS

Large map of the world

placession, it is a real may of the world, show locations of some of the checolate, with new on, when elims, cocoanuts, pineapples, seafood, example: Callee, South America; tea, Far East; * '' theat Social Studies Meditorran, Argon and agent, Argentina, etc. places we go in.s.

guestion; to the more than the state of the more the world? Discuss fight thought of season about a

Read at 1913; twite outpen! Think! by Flizabeth Coatsworth.

For grocery shops were grocery shops sdous kiesenska state i Halle net never thought of Spain. not level dreamed of how or 1112 and apricots As I saw wasted days I saw . The of area caw, ... to alle above the tea, And ...tan looked at cranges, With fur a casual eve. camanas swav in rain,

Discuss the poem and the concept of supermarkets as windows on the world.

Not hemispheres for me.

50 1802 FG

Brainstorming session of the states to be groups of 5. Appoint one peaker of err area. Social Studies person as recorder. Discuss brainstorming rules: ACTIVITY

Paper and pencals

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

of as many ideas as possible क्षा न १८ भूभी र १८ भूभा न The same and the same county it is the Now groups to that is convey workers as they can that help in the supermitted to the back to large supermitted to the back to large grown in the control of the back to the try as the control of the back to the try of the back to the back to the control of the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to the back to back to the back to be b

Cards with to i so the printed at MATERIALS Der Card. to, by them to prepare

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on once together about the

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. . . . a a rereate. Let them

grow about from store

Language 1. 22

worker they reported on.

and are it we are liet's sec it we are in group watch for your

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WORKERS	
STORE	
FOOD	; ;
RETAIL	1
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The fact was not the state of the second

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Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACTIVITY 5

the manager of the store. End with a demonstration by a checker, emphasis Take a field trip to a supermarket. If possible begin with a talk with on raking change.

Field trip to a supermarket.

MATERIALS

GRADE 3

Discuss In the classroom review charts about workers, re ise if necessary. what was seen at the store.

Review for Field Trip:

"How Do You Use Your Experience When You Return to the Classroom?" from "How to Get the Most from a Learning Experience Outside the Classroom" "How to Prepare for a Field Trip" appendix of this book.

Problem cards Play money MATERIALS

> each customer. He figures out the total, takes it to the checker, gives Have problem cards made up from newspaper cds. Give a problem card to (Froblem cards can be varied according to individual abilities.) Nim two \$1 bills. Checker adds prices, makes correct change.

Divide class into thetkers and customers. Number each checker.

each checker \$2.00 in change, each customer two \$1 bills.

Suggested Subject Area: Mathematics

After checkers and customers complete their tasks, switch roles, give out new numbers and reshuffle the problem cards.

ACCIVITY

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7	4
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r	2
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GRADE 3

GKADE 3

MATERIALS

filmstrip and Teacher's Guide: "New Orleans, Marketing Community"

(CA Center)

There is a cassette that goes with thes strip, but it is suggested Show and discuss the filmstrip "New Orleans, Marketing Community"

that you just use the Teacher's Guide instead.

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACTIVITY

RETAIL FOOD STORE WORKERS

3.22

MATERIALS &

Spelling

Suggested Subject Area:

ALLAIJOV

Crossword Puzzle: "Grocer"

(CA Center)

teacher go over the terms so they are well understood by the class. The puzzle included for this unit is "Grocer"

copies so each student has one for his use. It is suggested the Use the crossword puzzle found in the box of supplies. Run off

MATERIALS

Social Studies

Suggested Subject Area:

ACTIVITY

Filmstrip:
"My Dad Works in a Supermarket"
--SVE

Show and Discuss the filmstrip "My Dad Works in a Supermarket".

(CA Center)

ERIC Fruit fext Provided by ERIC

Unit 3.2

3.23 HOTEL/MOTEL MANAGER

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COLCEPIS

located in the business section of town and often include facilities for conventions and other large gatherings. notely and motels provide places to sleep and eat for travelers and business people. Hotels are usually Moreis are was turnal than hotels, and are usually designed for the convenience of the traveler, and are located were major highways.

PERFORMANCE DESECTIVES AND CRITERION LESTS:

- 1. (**dent, will be able to "ascribe the work of five hotel/motel employee jobs.
- A. Test Onscription: Role-playing Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #3
- Teacher Directions: Give each student a list of five hotel/motel employee job titles and a brief description of the work of each job, Ask the students to match the job titles to the correct job description. Test Description: Matching test (I)
- Students will be able to state at least one logical reason why a specific motel or hotel is located where it
- A. Test Description: Class meeting Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #1

name of the contract designs were passed.

	3.23 HOTEL/MOTEL MANAGER	GRADE 3
RESOURCE PT 6		5
		Simplified city maps Teacher-made math problems Drawing paper Stryofoam packing material for optional activity
	FILMSTRIPS	
	* "Flagstaff, Arizona, Service Community" SVE	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•

* Come to Work With Us in a Hotel

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* Popeve the Sailor and Hospitality and Necreation Careers --King

ERIC

FIELD TRIPS

3.23 HOTEL/MOTEL MANAGER

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Discuss hotels and motels. Let children tell about their experiences staying in a hotel or motel. Give each pair a city map and the addresses of five Boise hutels and motels. Include the following: Group children in pairs.

Hotel Boise Idanha Hotel Holiday Inn Rodeway Inn Boisean Motel Help students plot on the map the locations of each hotel and motel. Discuss why wach of the hotels and motels is located where it is.

Ask questions such as the following:
 Why do we have hoters and motels?
 Who uses hotels and motels?
 How does your family choose a hotel or motel?
 If you were a businessman, where would you want to stay?

Place camic broks out (room set) for students to use during free time.

ACTIVITY 2

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Show illmstrip "Flagstaif, Arizona Service Community" frames 1 - 21

List and iscuss the work of motel employees. Ask children to speculate on what a hote! or motel manager might do.

Read to the students the book Come to Work With Us in a Hotel.

See if they can goess each job that is described.

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Simplified city maps (one for each 2 students)

Comics: Popeye and Hospitality and Recreation Careers

MATERIALS ;

Filmstrip: "Flagstaff, Arizona Service Community"

Book:

--SVE

Book: Come to Work With Us in a Hotel --Sextant

			9,27	note	with relis of	Ü	er, Act.3-4-
The state of the s	MATERIAL A	Field (rip to the R. Goway no		MATERIALS 5	Teacher-made math sheet with problems of varying levels of difficulty.		
	Solding the sold of the sold o	The first of the formal and the senters of way back to	and the state of t		Prepare a worksheet at take to the control of difficulty which involve the hotal and languages.	Examples: 1. Single from the Si2 per night four from that Si8 per night hour from the dishor room?	The control of the co

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MATERIALS

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ACTIVITY

GKADE 3

Suggested Subject Area: Art

Let children make a picture of a hotel of the future or using styrofoar backing material, build a model of a hotel or motel of ACTIVITY 0

the future.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS

Drawing paper Crayons Styrofoam packing material Glue

ERIC AFUIT SENT PROVIDED LANGE

3.24 SALESPEOPLE

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CONCEPTS

Youse indestigated and income who sell mersices. Successful thay stound be possed to proble. Successful sales equie should believe in and know about the product or sent to they are salling. The early offerent times and party world es especial en our en our en apresa en en

PERFURMANCE OBJECTIVES AND JRITERION FISTS:

- Students will be able themake a list of salespecificall services and those who sell products.
- Test Description: Jame activity with a group of selected pictures, followed by each student making a list of products and services using the picture file. Teacher Directions: Refer to acrivity #3.
- Students will be able to pray the role of a salesperson and the role of a person buying from a salesperson.
- A. Test Description: Role-playing Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #2.

*CA Center Furnishes

SUPPLIES	* Pamphlet: "Better Retall Selling" * Simulation pames and Activities	for Soulal Studies	. Materials to make a temporary amre	setting	Cans, cartens, etc.	Yachm vell *	Magazines from which to our pictores
	"Making Inst Sale", 1Mt MP 5269 E15						
SMILY THURS SHANDSER		-Person author and abendance	a salesterson	・ハングー	*Distributive rducation person		

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SKALL

3.24 SALESPEOPLE

BOOKS

* Popeye the Sailor and Marketing and Distributing
Careers
Childcraft, Volume 6 (Page 214 poem, "Hawker")
(Page 84 "The Store on Wheels)

Simulated Games and Activities for Social Studies

ERIC Full Toxx Provided by ERIC

* My that to ke to a shoe Store" - BRS

FILMSTRIES

FLELD INTES

alesperson,	Act. 1-2
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3.24 SALESPEOPLE

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Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

Children think of people who sell things. Teacher mentions the idea of people who have a service to sell if children do not think of it. ACTIVITY

salespeople are mentioned, teacher lists seperately the products and the services.

Make this into a coart

Show the filmstrip: "My Dad Works in a Shoe Store"

Discussion of attributes of being a good salesperson.

*.Teacher lists on board. Make another chat to go with first one.

Place the comic books on display for free time us during this unit.

Suggested Subject Area: Math ACTIVITY

Set up a play store.

Teacher make up problems involving purchases. (Money problems, addition?)

Teacher make up problems involving purchases and making change. (subtraction)

Children make up problems of their own as they role play salesperson and customers

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Tagboard

"My Dad Works in a Shoe Store" Filmstrip:

Pamplet: "Better Retail Selling" Teacher Resource:

Marketing and Distribution Popeye the Sailor and Careers Comics:

MATERIALS

Materials or area for play store .

articles to sell

play money

203

ERIC President by ERIC

	Magazines from which to cut pictures.	ž
Subject Area:	MATERIALS 5	.24
	Film: "Making That Sale" INC NP = 269 -238	Salv.sper
Subject Area: Social Studies	MATERIALS 6	pon,
per and make a list of occupations	Newspaper want ad sections	Act.
they will be selling.		3-4-5-6

GRADE 3 MATERIALS 3	Simulated Games and Activities for Sociel Studies page 10, Activity 1,2	File of mounted pictures of products and services.		MATERIALS 4
ACTIVITY 3 Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies	For a game, the teacher shuffles a group of selected pictures. Child or children place pictures into seperate categories.	"This person would be selling a:" a. service b. product	Using picture file, each child makes a list of products and services.	Activities / Supposited Subject Area: Social Studies/Art

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Construction paper

Suggested Si View film "Make That Sale". ACTIVITY

Emphasize sales people and what the Suggested 51 Children read want ads in newspap and different kinds of work. ACTIVITY 6 Discuss

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MATERIALS

Simulated Games and Activities in Social Studies

Do the activity "Competition and Profit" on page 23 of this booklet. This is a rather lengthy activity but seems well worth the time spent.

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACTIVITY

SALESPERSON

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3.25 SHOE REPAIRMAN

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CONCEPTS

The shoe repairman used special equipment to fix shoes so they car be worn longer.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS:

- 1. The student will be able to describe how a shoe repairman fixes shoes.
- Test Description: Class meeting
 Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #5

Α.

- Teacher Directions: In individual conferences with each student, ask the student to describe how a shoe Test Description: Oral test repairman fixes shoes. ä
- The student will be able to shine shoes, using polish, an applicator cloth, and a buffing cloth. 2.
- A. Test Description: Shoe shine contest Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #3

3, 25	Shoe	Repairman
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GRADE 3	SUPPLIE: Old shoes (supplied by students) Black and brown shoe polish Cloths for applying polish Cloths for buffing shoes * SRA Work Brief		
3.25 SHOE REPAIRMAN	FILMS	* The Story of Leather" SVE	Exploring Music American Book Co. Music Round the Town Follett
	Shoe Repairman or Field trip to shoe repairshop	FIELD TRIPS	

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

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* CA Center Furnishes

MATERIALS

Show the filmstrip "The Story of Leather".

Follow with the questions suggested on the filmstrip.

--American Book . s.pany Music Round the Town Exploring Music --Follett MATERIALS Read poems "The tobbler and 'Mr. Minnitt" as choral readings. Sing: "The Little Shoemaker", page 16 Music Round the Town Suggested Subject Area: Music/Reading Sing was; "The Cabbler", page 92, Exploring Music Dramatize the work of the shoemaker. ACTIVITY

shoold be shoes of many kinds. Also they should be shoes that can be MR. MINNITT discarded when this activity is finished. o; ;

Ask children to bring old shoes to class for next activity. These

when I have walked them into Mr. Minnitt mends my soles holes. Tu Tu . ..

right: His hands are brown and hard and Boys: And has a wrinkly, twinkly face. Girls: He works in such a funny place in the kinds of 6967 er et he knows. *** ****

Girls: a pultary up
the broken places

Bore: hews the seams
Alt: this enines their faces

Girls: He cannot walk without a crutch-

--Eleanor A. Chaffee

His taxead goes slowly cut and

:sac (

-- Rose Tvleman

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3.25 SHOE REPAIRMAN

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ACTIVITY

Suggested Subjec. Area: Language Arts

Put all old shoes children have brought into a big box. Let each child choose a shoe and do one of the activities listed below. (Put on a chart) Write a story about your shoe - what kind of a person wore it? Where has it travelled? What exciting adventures has it had? Make a picture of the person who might have owned your shoe. Give that person a name.

Draw the outline of your shoe. Make it into a picture.

Pretend you are the shoe. Tell about yourself. What kind of shoe are you? Do you like your life? What funny things have happened to you? Write a poem or a song about your shoe. Read your poem or sing . د.

Write a description of your shoe so we could find it if it got lost. to Shoes Week.

Make up a speech your shoe might make about the need for a Be Kind

9

Share what they have done with the rest of the class.

Ask one team member to bring a pair Divide children into teams of two. of black or brown shoes to polish.

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS

Old shoes brought by children.

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Shoe Repairman

Resource Person:

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After the visit or trip, discuss how shoe repairman helps the community by providing a service.

Discuss how pioneer familles got shoes or got them repaired.

CONCEPTS

Sports can be played just for fun, but many people are paid to be a baseball, basketball, or lootball player on professional teams. Learning to play a sport well takes a lot of practice and a healthy body.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- Students will be able to explain qualities necessary to be a good athlete.
- ø đ professional athlete and give a brief report to the class explaining the qualities necessary to be Teacher Directions: Ask students to cut out an article or picture from a magazine or newspaper of good athlete, using their cut-out of a particular athlete as an example. Test Description: Oral report ë
- Teacher Directions: Group the students into small groups of Live or six. Have each group yrewent parel di cossion on the topic "The qualities necessary to be a good Athlete." Test Description: Panel discussion щ .
- Students will begin learning some fundamental basebell skills such as throwing, catching and hitting a ball. Test Description: Physical education activity Ą.
 - . Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #3.



	SUPPLIE 3	transparency of a baseball diamond softballs bats soft playground balls		3.26	6 Baseball Player	* CA Center Furnishes
3.26 BASEBALL FLAYER			FILMSTRIPS		BOOKS Arrow Book of S Scholastic A Tescher's Gui Kendall/Hu John Henry and Garrard Garrard Doubleday I. Want to Ee a	* I Want to Be a Baskethall Player * I Want to Be a Football Player Children's Press
હ	RESOURCE PEOPLE	Panel of athletes and coach from high school or college		FIELD TRIPS		

MATERIALS

* 1

Transparency of baseball diamond Pen for writing on transparency

Arrow Book of Sports Stories --Scholastic Book Services

> Using the overhead projector, sharaball diamond. As discussion proceeds tabel each position where it is played. Talk about rules informally at this time.

As baseball words are mentioned write them on the board and discuss their

Talk about the sport of baseball. Find out what the children know.

Suggested Subject Area: P.E./Lunguage Arts

ACTIVITY

BASEBALL PLAYER

1

meanings. Let those who have played little league baseball te'l briefly

of their experiences.

Read a baseball story to the class, such as one of the following:

"Surprise Attack" "Magic Bat"

Both of these are from the Arraw Book of Sports Stories, Scholastic Book Services.

Physical Education

Play one of the following softball warm-up artivities:

Page 363 Page 364 P**a**ge 366

> Catch-up Pop Fly

Suggested Subject Area:

A Teacher's Guide to Elementary --Kendall/Hunt Pub. Co. School Physical Education MATERIALS 800k:

softballs MATERIALS bats

I wite some 5th or 6th graders to be "coaches" to work with small groups Suggested Subject Area: Physical Education ACTIVITY

Emphasize developing skills and having fun.

Long Base Base Race

Be sure "coaches" are stressing having everyone participate, helping .. students on throwing, hitting, catching the ball. each student and giving plenty of encouragement.

GRADE

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Unit 3.26

3.26 BASEBALL PLAYER

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Suggested Subject Area: Physical Ed./Social Studies

ACTIVITY

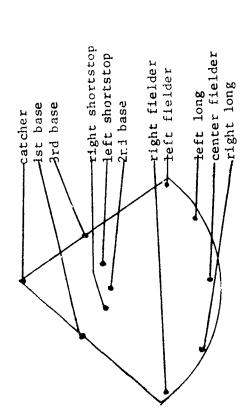
Invite a panel of athletes and a coach if possible from a high school or college to talk about being an athlete.

Perhaps they could give a demonstration of their skills.

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject area: Physical Education

pitcher. Each batter gets three pitches. If it isn't hit in three tries, Use a very soft ball, rubber preferred. The team batting provides the no matter how it is pitched, the batter is out. There is not stealing class members have a chance to participate. They can change positions of bases. This can be a running game over several days to insure all daily to let everyone have a chance to play several places. Have students draw for positions on the team (1 each) Mushball:



John Henry and Paul Bunyan Play Baseball After the game read:

GRADE

:

MATERIALS

Panel of athletes and coach. Resource People:

MATERIALS

soft playground balls or softball and bats

Books:

A Teacher's Guide to Elementary --Kendall/Hunt : uv. Co. School Physical Education

John Henry and Paul Bunyan Play Baseball

--Garrard

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BASEBALL
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Favorite Poems 01d av vad

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MATERIALS

Book:

GRADE

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Language

Have children write a story about a baseball player or a baseball game.

Read "Casey at the Bat" in Favorite Poems Old and New

Collect sports pictures and use them as motivators.

A personal copy would There are hundreds of other poems in this book that you may wish to read to the class, whether pertaining to sports or not. cost you \$6.95. MATERIALS

Drawing paper Pencils Crayons

ACTIVITY

Art Suggested Subject Area:

Make still-life drawings of baseball equipment

Make stick-iigur, i coll drawings from and ling a student model the actions of a baseball player.

ONCEPTS

described makes of the control of the control of

PEPFORMATOR OF STATE STATES AND STATES OF STAT

of the tracked details of engine at the filter to a feet of the property. February of selling suches. Student will garden and

The state of the work of a teweber. Have may a cribe at least Test Courtigning of the property of the work of the time of the ti Test Noscription: Drive — (i to illustration)

Let I Directly the control of the pieces of blank paper and crayons. I there to drive or diagram

The first and this first of the perefor.

Text Description: Anithen

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GRADE 3	SUPPLIE	Materials for jewelry making See Activity 3 Pictures or samples or jewell from another cult re Examples of many kinds of jewelr Clocks and Watches Pictures or models of working of a clock or watch.				
						Exploring Elementary Mathematics (Text)Holt, Minehart, Winston
3.27 JEWELER	FILMS	nstrate :	FILMSTRIPS	-	BOOKS	Exploring Element, Rine
	RESOURCE PEOPLE	Art student to demonstrate making jewelry jeweler		FIELD TRIPS		

ERIC

225 206

3.27 JEWELER

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Suggested Subject Area: Secial Studies

Discuss jewelry.

ACTIVITY

What are its purposes? What is jewelry?

Why do people make and wear jewelry?

Use map to show some regions where man lives. What might eskimoes use to make jewelry?

What did Indians use to make jewelry?

Why are gold and precious gems used in jewelry? What did pioneers use to make jewelry?

Divide children into groups. Give each group a piece of jewelry or a picture of jewelry. Iry to answer these questions:

What part of the world did these people live in?

Who might have worn this?

Why was it prized?

Do you knew anything else about the people from looking at the jewelry; After groups talk together, share ideas with bots? group. Add winer

Ask children to ming jewolry or pictures of fewelry (espectivity hand made jewelry) for a dishaw.

(Cort

GRAD

MATERIALS

fictures of Jewelry from other culcures, other distormal periods.

another culture, or the item 6 pictures of jewelry from 115011

3.27 JEWELER

GRADE

MATERIALS

ACTIVITY

Classify types of jewelry

Costume jewelry - What is it? (inexpensive) Where can you find it? (stores)

What materials are used? (tin, brass, leather, wood, plastic,

Why do people wear it? (fun) glass, shells, beads, etc.)

Could we make it? (show example)

Semi-precious jewelry - What is it? (more expensive) Where can you find it? (jewelry stores)

What materials are used (gold, silver, brass, stones such as

garnets, jade, agates)

Why do people wear it?

j

Could we make it? (show example - yes)

Where can you find it? (expensive jewelry stores) Precious jewelry - What is ic? (expensive)

<u>ج</u>

What materials are used? (gold, silver, diamonds, rubies,

saphires)

Could we make it? (no - expert craftsman) Why do people wear it?

÷

Procedure - make chart on board. Involve children in discussion of

What are they? (Ward off evil spirits, used for decoration-homes, animals, show leadership, etc.) Other purposes of jewelry

Who uses jewelry for these purposes? (Indians, Æricans, Americans)

Procedure - discussion and show pictures.

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

ACLIVITY

INTERIALS 2

Pesource Person. Art Student

Invite an art student in to talk to the class and demonstrate box some Allow time for the children to ask questins. jewelry is made.

Suggest that theldren oring materials for making jewelry.

Rolled paper beads: Out magazine pictures into small triangles, Poll from large end it wind to make it, vlinder, filme point, when dry, Suggester Subject Area: Tre ACTIVITY 3

Appropriate materials for

MATERIALS 3

making 'enelry.

Clay beads: Use water based clay, Shape small beads around toothpicks.

when dry remove from teethpicks, paint, string or yarm,

Captive rock jewelry: twist wire firmly around rock, leaving a loop at the top. faint rock if desired, string on ribbon.

Sting on yarn. Macaroni pends: olor macaroni of a variety of shapes. 4.

Junk jewelry: Bring old beads, pins, buttons, earrings, etc. Make into jewelry.

Driftwood pins: Sand and polish small driftwood pleces. Put safety Colored wire jewelry: Use colored wire, make pins, pendants. pin clasp or wire for pendant. 9

Papier-marke jewelry.

String purchased beads.

Seed jewelry.

Macrame jewelry. . . .

JEWELER
3.27

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Science Suggested Subject Area:

How do clocks and watches work? ACTIVITY

Resource Person:

Jeweler

MATERIALS

GRADE

Invite a jeweler to talk to class about the jewelry business and watch and clock repair. Show tools used. If has a model of the clock workings, ask if he could bring it.

Bring in several big pocket watches or pictures of works of a clock for

(Fisher-Price has a transparent clock which shows how gears work. Perhaps someone has one at home.)

Take backs off pocket watches and see how they work.

Make clock faces for given times such as 2:30, 8:15, 10:00, etc. Make clock faces, putting on the hours with Roman Numerals. Introduce or review Roman Numerals and relling time. Suggested Subject Area: ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Math/Social Andies If time permits, encourage children to design a clock or watch. ACTIVITY

Page 110-111 Exploring Elementary Mathematics - Telling Time

Make a sundial. Figure out how it would be marked.

MATERIALS

Manila paper for whick fades.

-- ilolt, Rinehrt, Exploring Elementary Mathematics Winston

9

MATERIALS

Invite a rock collector to show how stones are polished and cut.

24/

3.28 POTTERY MAKEN

CONCEPTS

Pottery can be made by hand or by machines. At home and school we find many items made of pottery and many people Pottery is made from clay which comes from the earth. Indians and other people made pottery in ancient times. work at supplying us with the pottery. The pottery maker's job is desirable and productive

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- Students will be able to answer questions concerning the following: List of five items made from clay.
 - How heat is used in pottery making.
 - How dishes are made in our country.
- Definition of terms: china, porcelain, glaze, ceramic
- Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #3 Test Description: Class meeting ⋖,
- Give the students a short quiz made up of the following questions: Reacher Directions: Give the stude (1) List five items made from clay. Test Description: Written test
 - (2) to is heat used in pottery making?
- (3) Pow are dishes made in our country?
- Each student will complete a small pot using either the coil or pinch pot method. The method will be the (4) Derive thece terms; china, porcelain, glaze, ceramic

choice of the student.

C.

Test Description: Making small bots by either pinch pot or coil method. Teacher Directions: Refer to activity #5

<u> </u>								3.28	Potte	ry Maker
SUPPLIES	Air drying clay for hand shaping pots	Pottery pictures from "Arizona Highways"	* Ceramic Casting Molds (3)							
FILMS				FILMSTRIPS	"Maria, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), Al2				BOOKS	The Little Indian Pottery Maker, Ann Nolan Clark Living in America, Today and Yesterday, Macmillian (text) Finding New Neighbors, Ginn (text) Science Far and Near, Heath (text)
RESOURCE PEOPLE	Local person who digs clay and makes pottery	Local person who works with ceramics or sells	china			The state of the s	FIELD TRIPS	Boise State College pottery studio		
	RESOURCE PEOPLE SUPPLIES	RESCURCE PEOPLE C. SUPPL'E: C. Air drying clay for hand shaping clay and makes pottery	RESOURCE PEOPLE Local person who digs clay and makes pottery Local person who works With ceramics or sells FILMS Air drying clay for hand shaping pots Highways"	RESOURCE PEOPLE FILMS Local person who digs clay and makes pottery Local person who works Local person who works Local person who works with ceramics or sells china * Ceramic Casting Molds (3)	RESOURCE PEOPLE Local person who digs clay and makes pottery Local person who works with ceramics or sells china FILMSTRIPS SUPPL'E S Air drying clay for hand shaping pots pots pots and makes pottery pictures from "Arizona Highways" are ceramic Casting Molds (3)	Local person who digs Local person who digs Local person who digs Local person who works With ceramics or sells china FILMSTRIPS "Maria, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), A12 "Maria, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), A12	Local person who digs Local person who digs Local person who digs Local person who digs Local person who digs Local person who works With ceramics or sells with ceramics or sells with ceramics or sells with Potter' (Peublo Indian Pottery), Al2 "Maria, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), Al2	Local person who digs Clay and makes pottery Local person who digs Clay and makes pottery Local person who works With ceramics or sells China FILMSTRIPS "Maria, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), Al2 FIELD TRIPS	NECOUNCE PEOPLE FILMS Local person who digs clay and makes pottery Local person who digs clay and makes pottery Local person who works with ceramics or sells china FILMSTRIPS "Maria, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), Al2 Boise State College pottery studio	Local person who digs Local person who digs Clay and makes pottery Local person who works With ceramics or sells with ceramics or sells with ceramics or sells with ceramics or sells Wharia, the Potter" (Peublo Indian Pottery), Al2 Boise State College pottery studio BOOKS

	the me to the me
CONTRACT MAKER	GRADF 3
ACTIVISA	MATERIALS
As an interest of the court of the built made Hunt", page 156-164	TextFook:
Have discount of the managery of the story of the importance of put the informations.	(pages 155-164)
Use the line of the same and the last toll-	
Lead discussion on a grown of watery in our lives. Ask each student to bring somether, and the pottery.	
ACTIVITY Subject Area: Social Studies	MATERIALS 2
. J	Textbook: Living in America Today and
Ariango mit of a company Amerikaners unit on Pottery Maker will cover in the warm particle deals with and illustrates pottery among	Yesterday (pages 1/3-193)
ACTIVITY 3 Soughaffed Area: Science	3. AATERIALS 3
Unit on 'includence of an analysism's speed discussing pottery objects.	Textbook:
cated, il expots, or other o	Scien of it and Near, Heath of (pages 57-73)
Unit will cover more than one class meeting and should be followed with quiz to satisty Behavioral Objective #1.	Maker
Suggested Subject Aren: Soutal Studies	4
Show the filmstil and is the Putter ". Follow with discussion of filmstrip, pottery and potters.	rimstrip: "Maria the Potter" (Pueblo Indian Pottery)
Review concepts covered to date.	

3.28 POTTERY MAKER

a go was a short processes and the same and

Making small pots by either pinch pot or coil method. Let students choose Suggested Subject Area: Art ACTIVITY

Demonstrate and discuss both methods, stressing the facts that the Indians used the coil method. method they prefer.

- Give each student Have students cover desks with old newspapers. a portion of air-drying clay.
- After posts are allowed to dry let students decorate them with wax crayons or tempora paint.

Someone who is actively involved in pottery Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies and Art Ask resource person to visit. ACTIVITY

Be sure that person is informed of the following:

making as a hobby or a profession.

- Importance of treating subject from Career Awareness standpoint.
 - What has been covered in the classroom. Field trip to Boise State College will follow this activity.

ACTIVITY 7 Suggested Subject Area:

Field trip to Boise State College pottery studio.

Pre-arrangements should be made with:

- B.S.C. Faculty
 - 2. Drive and bus
- 3. Parents (permission slips and possibly parent chaperones)

GRADE 3

(a.)......

MATERIALS

Old newspapers Air drying clay Pamplet"

Clay Modeling Methods --American Art Clay Co.

MATERIALS 6

Resource person

MATERIALS 7

Social Studies/ Art

Bus request Parent permission slips Boise State College faculty

member

3.28 Pottery Maker, Act. 8-9-10

PCTTERY MAKER 3.28

I the the season and a second to be decisioned the

Suggested Subject Area: Language Arts

ACTIVITY 8

MATERIALS

GRADE

1

Have each student write and illustrate a brief story or poem using at least three of the following words:

porcelain ceramic pottery Indian glaze factory kiln DOT dish bowl

teacher. The results of the writing should reflect a rudimentary understand-This creative writing assignment should be introduced very carefully by the ing of pottery making and the career possibilities in the field.

The teacher will evaluate this considering individual abilities.

MATERIALS

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies/Language Arts;

ACTIVITY

Possible follow-up in Salespeople Unit:

i moun representative sails to store buyer. Andrew Sour sells design to factory . .. store sells to customer. ...d (myolye: Selling permer

28 POTTERY MAKER

Suggested Subject Area: Art

This activity will take several days as a mold can be used only once during

Prepare the slip by adding water to the clay, stir until smooth (absolutely no lumps) and whip cream thickness. (Commercially prepare slip may be obtained at ceramic shops at approximately \$1 a gallon)

moisture goes into the mold the slip will recede. After about 20 minutes Pour the slip into the mold keeping the mold completely full. As the or when the thickness around the edge of the mold is almost $k^{\prime\prime}$ thick empty the remaining slip from mold. Let mold set until clay starts to pull away from sides - 45 minutes to an hour. Some molds require longer. Gently lift straight up with half of mold. It is not ready if it doesn't come easily.

Clean the mold with a clean cloth brushing gently toward the center of the mold not away from center as the damp mold can be easily damaged. All clay should be removed while it is damp. Only one piece of green ware can be poured a day. The mold needs to dry over night before buing used again.

GRADE 3

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MATERIALS 1

Ceramic casting molds

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CONCEPTS

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factoring winter sport which requires many skilled workers to plan, prepare and maintain the ski eres. Many publication with the ski area are seasonal and the workers must find other employment in the 'e or and the for its responsible for the operations of the entire recreational facility. 34. Fr 3 15 off search.

PEPECANOTIC CONT. T. TESTS

The term of the seasonal goberstanding of occupations which are seasonal jobs.

Theory of the transmenting and articity the Tree or Clean and Ference to activity #4

The class and instruct the students to place a / mark next to the jobs which are 1891 1911 12 11 11 1881 . .

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GRADE 3 SUPPLIE3	Pamphlets from Bogus Basin Ski Area Graph paper for making bar graphs Ditto of people for people chain				
3.29 SKI AREA DIRECTOR FILMS	(Optional) "Teton Valley Ski Area" "Ski Novice" "Ski Time" "Ski Techniques"BSC Film Library	FILMSTRIPS		BOOKS	
RESOURCE PEOPLE	Ski Area Director		FIELD TRIPS	· · ·	

ERIC

232

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3.29	Ski	Artea	Director,	Act.	1-2-3
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3.29 SkI Area Director

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GRADE 3

which include a map of the Pamphlets of Bogus Basin MATERIALS ski area. Have children look at pamphlet. Discuss the pictures and the map. What are some of the <u>services</u> at Bogus Basin?· What kinds of <u>ski lifts</u> does Bogus Basin operate? Make a list of jobs people who work at Bogus Basin might do. Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies (Have a "secritary" write down group answers to the questions) Group children to disruss these questions: ACTIVITY

ACTIVITY

Suggested Subject Area: Math

Make simple bar graphs to show differences in lift prices for day and night skiling and for half-day passes.

Day pass \$6.50 Might hass 3.00 Half day

Children:

NASTE

The ismaly accordes a adults and 2 children. Include 4 lunches at \$100 each. How and vil it sost the Jackson family for a day of skilng?

Other froblems could be developed by teacher and/or students.

Invite a ski area director to come to school and talk about his work and Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies other jobs at the ski area. If possible show a ski film. 48k if the the seal requipment to display and describe. Be sure to allow time for above a to ask questions.

Graph paper

MATERIALS

Ski Area Director

Resource Person:

.29 SKI AREA DIRECTOR

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\$

. . .

Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies

Drawing paper

Crayons

MATERIALS

GRADE

Discuss seasonal employment.

See if students can define Make a list on the board of seasonal occupations. the term and suggest other seasonal occupations.

Example: Fruit workers Park recreation directors

Farm employees Loggers Ask alildren to suggest some advantages and disadvantages of seasonal occupations.

Ask: Which jubs at the ski area are seasonal?

Make pictures to show a seasonal occupation.

To show interrelatedness of many jobs, have students fill in a people chain

Suggested Subject Area:

Some preliminary discussion might help them get started.

Some jobs which might be included:

ski instructor

ski shop operators

ski repairmen

ski-lift operator restaurant workers

with as many ski-related jobs as they can think of.

Social Studies

MATERIALS 5
Ditto of people for people chain

MATERIALS 6

One of the following films "Teton Valley Ski Area" "Ski Novice" "Ski Time" "Ski Techniques"

--BSC Film Library

Show one of the following films, emphasizing the workers involved? Suggested Subject Area: Social Studies ACTIVITY

"Teton Valley Ski Area"

"Ski Novice"

"Ski Time"

"Ski Techniques"

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ACT IN TY

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ERIC

Ski Area Director, Act.

3.29 SYI AREA JIRECTOR

Suggested Surject Area: Social Studies

ACLIVITY

After the visity write a story about recreation in the winter. Visit the Worldr Sports Show.

GRADE 3

MATERIALS 7

Field trip to the Winters

Sports Show

i

CONCEPTS

of them is one of the world's oldest occupations. Brick manufacturing workers require training either on the The brick manufacturing industry is important ot our national economy. The use of bricks and manufacture job or in a trade school setting. The jobs in birck manufacturing are desirable and productive occupations.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND CRITERION TESTS

- Upon completion of this unit the students will show an understanding of the process used in manufacture of
- Teacher Directions: Give each student a piece of lined paper and a pencil. Ask them to write the process Test Description: Making bricks from clay used in the manufacture of bricks. Ą,

3.30	Brick	Manufacturer	

BOOKS

GRADE 3	SUPPLIE 3	Clay Empty milk cartons Straws Old magazines Display of bricks, stone, tile,		
BRICK MINUFACTURER	FILMS		FILMSTRIPS	* "Bricks, Blocks and Beams" Educational Projections
	RESOURCE PEOPLE			•

* CA Center Furnishes

ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

FIELD TRIES

\$	3.30 Brick Manufacturer, Act. 1-2-3
GRADE 3 INTERIALS Filmstrip: "Bricks, Blocks, and Beams" Educational Publications	MATERIALS 2 Old magazines Display of bricks, stone, tile and blocks. MATERIALS 3 clay empty: milk cartons straw
ACTIVITY ACTIVITY ACTIVITY AS BRICK MANUFACTURER Show and Science Show and Liver and interrity "Silveks, Slooks, and Beams" Emphasition in serve the by those in the industry. Ask structure in serve to by those in the industry. Ask structure in serve to by those in the industry. Ask structure in serve to by those in the industry. The serve to the serve to be in the industry. The serve to the serve to be in the industry.	